

The Nebraska Democrat

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THE WAYNE SOLDIER BOYS ARE HOMEWARD BOUND

After a Joyous Christmas, Wayne Soldier Boys are Homeward Bound—Long Remember Christmas on the Border

Llano Grande Texas, Dec. 7th. Editor Democrat—Christmas banquet held Sunday evening. Best Christmas in camp. Dining hall adorned with mistletoe, orchid and red berries. Boys appreciate the Wayne way of doing things. Christmas on the border will be long remembered. Will be home soon. Loaded cars yesterday, left eight forty-five for Fort Crook. James J. Steele.

Wednesday morning or Tuesday night—midnight—the Wayne boys and the other members of the Nebraska regiment were scheduled to start for Home, Sweet Home, and be it ever so humble, it will look good to them, beyond a doubt.

It is supposed that they will be kept at Fort Crook, Omaha, for a few weeks after their arrival in the home state, where the formal mustering out will be gone thru with. Wayne will most gladly welcome the boys, and a royal reception is assured as soon as it is known when.

Editor N. A. Huse Invited Higher

N. A. Huse, editor of the Norfolk News, has been tendered and accepted the vice-presidency of the American Press Association, with headquarters at New York, and the Democrat congratulates both Mr. Huse and the great Press Association, which is a nationwide manufacturing institution, contributing in its way to the extension of the newspaper business. In a financial and business way, this removal is a promotion. It makes Mr. Huse at once a national character. But his promotion did not come to him by accident. It is strictly a reward of merit. He has been so conspicuously successful in his field in his management of a small newspaper, that he has attracted the attention of men who survey the whole nation for talent and character, and he has been won to the wider world.

The Norfolk paper will be edited by Eugene Huse, the brother who has been connected with the business management of the News and is a partner in the paper. Mr. N. A. Huse will retain his interest in the Norfolk paper.

Train 56 Takes to Ditch

The caboose and two refrigerator cars of freight train No. 56, the Bloomfield branch, went into the ditch and several box cars were derailed early Tuesday morning when a broken rail was struck coasting down off the steep grade four miles east of Magnet. Brakesmen Crane and Henkel and Conductor Palmentier who were riding in the caboose were badly bruised and severely shaken up by the wreck but suffered no broken bones. The train was going at a good rate of speed when it left the rails tearing up the track for nearly a quarter of a mile before it came to a halt. A wrecking crew from Emerson was immediately sent up and by late in the afternoon had things cleared for passenger traffic.

The Last Chance

At the Baptist church next Sunday morning the usual services will be held and the usual inspiration of the morning program furnished. It will be an important service and every member of the congregation should be in his or her place.

In the evening Rev. W. L. Gaston will deliver a new year sermon in which he will deal with the problems of the coming year. It will be a helpful, stimulating occasion and if you are not an attendant of some other church you are urged to attend next Sunday night at the brick church and hear the address. There will be a fine program of music in connection with the occasion of appropriate character.

Marriage Licenses Issued

Lloyd VanNorman and Miss Lillie Courtwright were granted license to marry by County Judge Britton December 23, 1916.

Evan W. Jenkins and Sylvia Garwood were granted marriage license by the county judge December 27, 1916.

Christmas Cheer for All

The genuine old fashioned Christmas spirit was prevalent in Wayne, Monday, December twenty-fifth. Business houses were closed for the day, and many family dinners were given both in town and country.

A heavy snow fall Saturday covered the ground, but the moderate temperature and the smooth roads made both sleighing and travel by cars possible.

Christmas programs were given in all the local churches Sunday. At the Presbyterian church the large choir gave a splendid program in the morning consisting of selections from Handel's Messiah. The children of the Sunday school had charge of the exercises in the evening.

The Methodist church held regular services in the morning with special Christmas numbers in the evening by the Sunday school and church. A musical program under the direction of Professor Davies was given at the Baptist church. A program consisting of drills, dialogues and music was given at the English Lutheran church. The German Lutheran Christmas exercises were given by the children, consisting of music and recitations.

The poor of our little city were amply provided for by the Good Fellow's fund. Food, clothing and money where needed, were distributed by these same good fellows. Without doubt Wayne enjoyed a merry, merry Christmas.

The Owl lodge committee, acting with the other "good fellows" dispersed about \$75.00 worth of Christmas cheer to worthy ones who needed and appreciated it, nearly all of it outside of the families of their membership.

Home Talent Minstrels

The entertainment put on at the opera house last Thursday evening by home artists demonstrates that in the future it will not be necessary to send our good money away whenever we want amusement, either for the players or a manager to instruct and drill the troupe. Here we have the people competent for every part.

The people, mostly ladies, who staged the entertainment last week are entitled to the thanks of the community, not only for the \$65 plus which was credited to the fund being assembled for a playground with a swimming pool and suitable buildings, but for a real live, clean minstrel show. To tell of the merits of the different stars as expert actors might appear unjust to the "lesser light" in burnt cork, and to mention every act and actor of merit would overwork our vocabulary for adjectives of praise and commendation for each acted well a part from the Gold Dust Twins up. The lady edmen, however, were so much of the show that they deserve special mention, and all admit that they had never before seen or heard anything like them.

It is given out on good authority that most of those who took a part needed that plunge or the "creek" before they were eligible to again mingle in white society, after submitting to a covering of burnt cork.

Wed January First, 1867

S. W. Dayton and wife will celebrate their golden wedding Monday, New Year's day, at their home at Wayne. A family reunion is being planned and relatives and friends from outside will be in attendance. The many friends here wish this most worthy couple a happy New Year's day and a glad new year to come. May the succeeding years bring them, as much joy as will this reaching of the half century mark of married life and the celebration of the event.

Rooms Wanted for Fifty

There will apparently be a call by 50 to 100 students January 2nd. Rooms should have heat and light, and those having such will please call the normal.—adv.

FOR SALE

1915 3-speed Indian motorcycle, cheap if taken at once. See A. G. Grunemeyer.—adv. 52tf.

For groceries of quality and careful service—phone Roe's Ideal grocery. 101 is the number.—adv.

John Jones and wife of Carroll were at Wayne this morning.

Entertained on Christmas Day

Harvey Kingland, wife and son and daughter were guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Wilson Monday the twenty-fifth.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Huntmer were hostesses to Peter Coyle and wife, T. W. Moran and wife, Christmas day.

Mrs. Grace Keyser was hostess to the following guests Christmas day at her home: E. Y. Group and wife of Omaha, Mrs. Dixon, and Fred Blair and wife.

H. E. Mason wife and son Donald of Meadow Grove, and L. A. Mason and wife of Wakeneld were entertained at the J. W. Mason home Christmas day.

Mrs. Huff and daughter Miss Ethel entertained Mr. and Mrs. Dragon and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. George Wadsworth, Carl Ohler and Lee Cady, Christmas day.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Ley were hostesses to the following guests Christmas day: Mr. and Mrs. Rollie Ley and family, Mr. and Mrs. LeRoy Ley and Mrs. Lane and family.

Glen Wallace and wife of Norfolk, Alfred Haas and children of Cushing, Iowa, Hans Hansen and family and Richard Hansen were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Dick Hansen Christmas day.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Weber were hostesses to Mrs. W. R. Morehouse and children, Dorothy and Lucile of Randolph and Will Weber, Monday December the twenty-fifth at a Christmas dinner.

E. W. Ebert and wife of Fremont, and W. E. Baskerville and wife of St. Paul were guests of Mrs. W. O. Gamble and Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Gamble December 25th at a Christmas dinner.

Mr. and Mrs. T. T. Jones and Mrs. E. E. J. Nangle were hostesses to the following relatives and friends December twenty-fifth: E. Beckenhauer and wife, and W. H. Nangle and wife of Sioux City.

Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Miner were hostesses to the following guests Christmas day: Ed Owen and family, Earl Miner and family, W. E. Beaman and family, L. M. Owen and family, and A. A. Wollert and family.

Mrs. D. C. Main entertained the following guests Christmas day at her home: H. H. McElroy and wife and G. D. McElroy, wife and three daughters, Katherine, Josephine and Grace of Vinton, Iowa, and son Hays Main.

Dr. T. B. Heckert and daughter Margaret entertained the following guests Monday, December twenty-fifth at a Christmas dinner at their home: Misses Clara and Maude Heckert of Red Oak, Iowa, and W. Norris and wife and son.

Mr. and Mrs. G. K. Johnson and daughter Geraldine of Stewart, Mrs. Ed. Johnson and daughter, Izetta of Sioux City, E. E. Fleetwood and wife and Mrs. Laub were guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Fleetwood and daughter Miss Winifred, December twenty-fifth.

J. H. Fitch and wife were hostesses to the following relatives Monday December twenty-fifth: C. O. Fitch and family of Emerson, Don Fitch and wife, Mrs. Clifford Tipton and son of Walthill, Mrs. George Valder of Rosalie and Arthur Cochran and wife of Sioux City.

Mrs. M. A. Pryor and daughter Margaret, entertained the following guests at their home Christmas day: Frank Pryor and wife and daughter, Marsaline of Creighton, T. J. Pryor and family of Winside, Leo Pryor of David City, J. H. Brugger and family and Mr. C. Jordan and family.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Fisher and Mr. and Mrs. Don Cunningham were hostesses to the following guests at the Fisher home, Monday December twenty-fifth: Mrs. C. Ellis and daughter Dorothy, E. T. Ellis and wife of Omaha, W. S. Dickerson and wife of Sioux City Mrs. C. O. Fisher, Miss Alger and John Alger.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Chace and daughter Marguerite were hostesses to the following guests Monday December the twenty-fifth: A. A. Welch, wife, daughter Miss Florence and sons Herbert and Leslie, H. G. Philco, wife, son Franklin and daughter Faye, M. S. Davies and wife and Sam Davies. Decorations were in fern leaves, smilax, pepper blossoms and a beautiful Jerusalem cherry tree, gathered and sent by W. S. Goldie of Wilmington, California, formerly of Wayne.

Local News Items

Dr. J. T. House was down from Wayne last Saturday for the second lecture in sociology literature, the subjects being taken in the study centre work he is conducting in this city. The ladies of the Monday Afternoon club are missing a real treat in the literature lecture especially, though they would undoubtedly be interested in the lecture on sociology also. They are free to all who care to go and listen. Dr. House will be down again on Saturday, Dec. 30th. Those who are taking the work for credit should come at that time prepared to pay for the books and the small dues that will be necessary to stay for Dr. House's dinner, the state pays the railroad transportation. More of the teachers should arrange to at least attend these lectures, even though they do not care for the credits given. It is an opportunity that shouldn't be readily passed up.—Blair Pilot.

With commendable zeal nearly every walk in Wayne was cleared of the Saturday evening six-inch snow Sunday morning, and just as we were ready to compliment the people who did it a sleet came and made the cleaned walks unsafe for travel, and pedestrians all joined the "middle of the roaders" for a time, except where there was an occasional lazy man or helpless widow who failed to get the snow off, and their walks could be navigated with comparative safety. But when the thaw comes they will have to have their share of curses, either uttered or thot.

Professor J. J. Coleman departed for Lincoln Wednesday morning to attend the Nebraska State Music Teachers association meeting held Wednesday and today at the Lincoln hotel. Musical structures from various points in Nebraska will be on the program that promises to hold many fine musical treats. Professor Coleman is to sing today at the afternoon session.

Most of the Wayne merchants are busy invoicing this week, to learn just how much richer they are for their year's business. It is in order to say right here that a number of them have admitted that 1916 has been the greatest year they experienced in volume of business, and it is fair to assure that this will mean profits to in a great measure correspond. We hope so.

Ensign Young, son of E. B. Young and wife, who is travelling with the Stephens Evangelistic party as pianist came home Saturday to visit with his parents and brother Paul for a short time. Mr. Young's party recently closed a successful campaign at Kankakee, Illinois, and left Wednesday for a series of meetings to begin next week at Fremont, Ohio.

Frank Englert, son of Carl Englert and wife from south of Wayne was married Christmas, in Cheyenne county, to Miss Adella Hill, and they come on their wedding trip this week to visit at the Englert home here. Mr. Englert tells us that himself will move to Cheyenne county in February, he having purchased land there last summer.

I have a few choice furs left, which will be sold at greatly reduced prices to save carrying over. Come into the store of ladies' ready-to-wear goods on lower Main street and learn where the bargains are to be found, says Mrs. Jas. Jeffries.—adv.

Alfred Haas and children, accompanied as far as Sioux City by Miss Hansen, departed for their home at Cushing, Iowa, Wednesday morning, having been here visiting at the Dick Hansen home for a short time.

Miss Florence Hoy who teaches at Bloomfield, visited with Mrs. C. W. White Saturday morning between trains going to her home at West Point to visit with relatives during the holidays.

M. Hale from Marshall, Minnesota, has been visiting among his Wayne friends a few days, and left for home Tuesday. He admits that Wayne county farmers got the best of the crop this season.

D. H. Gossard and wife of Cabri, Saskatchewan, Canada, came Wednesday to visit with A. P. Gossard and wife and with other relatives and friends at Blair and Norfolk during the winter months.

O. R. Bowen, wife, son Paul and daughter Virginia, went to Omaha Saturday morning to visit with Mr. Bowen's brother, Reverend E. E. Bowen and wife. Later they will go to Lincoln to visit with Mr. Bowen's mother, Mrs. Mary Bowen and also with Mrs. Bowen's parents Dr. W. H. Ryerly and wife at Franklin.

Mrs. J. H. Fetteroff received news this morning of the death of her brother, U. S. Wetzel, of Alliance, Ohio, captain of the 8th regiment, now at El Paso, where his death occurred. The body will be sent to the Ohio home, but Mrs. Fetteroff has not yet decided whether or not she can attend the funeral.

Mrs. Fred Winther of San Pedro, California, who has been visiting the past two months with her parents, Oliver Gamble and wife and with other relatives and friends, departed Wednesday morning for her home. Mrs. O. Gamble accompanied Mrs. Winther as far as Norfolk.

E. C. Gamble was called to Rochester, Minnesota Sunday by a message saying "come at once", his wife having undergone an operation there a few days before. But as no word has come from him since, the friends feel that the lady must be improving.

Mrs. L. A. Fanske and children, accompanied by Mrs. Fanske's sister, Miss Marjorie Wells of Sioux City, who has been visiting here a short time, went to Sioux City Wednesday to visit with Mrs. Fanske's parents for a few days.

J. H. Foster and daughter Miss Nita departed for Omaha this morning to visit with relatives and friends for a short time. Later they will go to Griswold, Iowa, to visit. They will go to be gone about ten days.

Mrs. H. Mason who has been visiting at Emerson for a short time returned to her home at Meadow Grove Wednesday evening accompanied by her son Donald who has been visiting here at the J. W. Mason home a few days.

Mrs. E. C. McHaffey departed for Omaha this morning to meet her husband, Lieutenant McHaffey of the Fourth Nebraska regiment, who will reach Omaha in a few days.

Fred Meyers and wife and children returned to their home at Randolph this morning having been here visiting with Henry K. Meyer and family during the Christmas holidays.

Mrs. J. R. Almond returned home from Austin, Texas, Monday evening where she has been visiting with her mother, Mrs. J. J. Connor for the past two months.

Stanley Huffman and wife departed for their home at Elgin this morning following a visit with Mrs. Huffman's parents, Robert Mellor and wife.

J. M. Coleman of Guthrie Centre, Iowa, came Wednesday evening to make his home for the winter with his son, Professor J. J. Coleman and wife.

Miss Virginia Chapin of Winside is hostess to a number of Wayne and Winside young people at a house party that began Wednesday morning and will close this afternoon. Those attending from Wayne are: Misses Alma Craven and Marguerite Heckert, Mr. Clair Lamberson, Mr. James Brittain, Mr. Francis Jones, Mr. Paul Mines, Mr. J. M. Strahan, Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Cavanaugh of Lincoln and Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Townsend of Norfolk. A bob-sled party was given yesterday afternoon and a dinner party last evening at the Chapin home.

Miss Ruth Ingham was hostess to the Senior class of 1916 of the Wayne high school at her home Wednesday evening, December 27. "Progressive travel" was played and a short Victrola concert given. Light refreshments were served at the close of the program.

Mrs. C. A. Chace and daughter Miss Marguerite were hostesses to twenty young people Tuesday evening. Dancing was the order of the entertainment. Light refreshments were served at the close of the program.

F. L. Richards and wife were hostesses to the following guests at their home Christmas day: F. V. Richards and wife, A. H. Shull and wife and son Clair.

Judge A. A. Welch, J. H. Kemp, Judge Jas. Britton, E. O. Gardner, Miss Pearl Sewell are the judges of the "Sing Wayne" contest and this insures a fair and impartial decision.

Miss Lucy White of Council Bluffs, Iowa, and Mrs. M. A. Clark of North Bend, returned to their homes Wednesday following a short visit at the A. L. Evans home at Carroll.

Mrs. H. E. Jordan and daughter Janette, of Sioux City who visited with Mrs. Jordan's parents, S. D. Relyea and wife during the Christmas holidays, returned home Wednesday.

Reverend McGregor and wife of Tekamah were guests at their daughter's home, Mrs. Will Renick, Christmas day. Reverend McGregor returned home Wednesday.

Miss Kate Young departed for her home at Harlan, Iowa, Wednesday following an extended visit at the I. W. Alter home, and with relatives at Carroll and Coleridge.

Lawrence Jenkins of Carroll who was operated upon a few weeks ago in one of the Omaha hospitals for appendicitis went home Tuesday evening.

Miss Mary Williams of Carroll returned to her home Wednesday evening following a few days visit with Dr. J. J. Williams and wife.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl McMillen from Craig came to spend Christmas at the home of her parents, E. H. Dorsett and family.

Mrs. George Hayer from Raton, New Mexico, is here visiting at the home of her cousins, G. H. Thompson and wife.

J. Landanger of Carroll was at Wayne this morning.

OUR GREAT OFFERS in subscriptions include hundreds of different combinations. By subscribing for two or three together you can enjoy three or four magazines for the price you would pay for two if subscribed separately.

A few sample combinations—

Woman's Home Companion	Both
The American Magazine	\$2.00
	Saves \$1.00
Boys Life	Both
American Boy	\$2.00

Our news window contains a large line of Magazines and Papers.

JONES' Bookstore

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

Dr. F. D. Voigt was a passenger to Omaha Friday.

N. Orcutt was a passenger to Sioux City Friday for the day.

Mrs. Gustafson was a passenger to Wakefield Friday between trains Friday.

Jas. Miller and wife departed for Omaha Tuesday morning on business.

Miss Leone Nellen went to Sioux City Saturday to visit with friends for a few days.

Raymond Fox who teaches at Wynot is home this week visiting with his parents.

Professor H. Britell was a passenger to Sioux City Saturday on business for the day.

FOR SALE—Some very choice registered Poland China male pigs. Wm. Von Seggern.—adv. 46-11.

Harold and John Hufford went to Hesperidge Friday where they spent Christmas with relatives.

W. D. Redmond was at Norfolk Thursday evening of last week attending a Masonic lodge meeting.

Miss Sarah Henry returned to her home at Sioux City Friday following a short visit with normal friends.

Miss Fairchild of the state normal faculty left Saturday morning for Cedar Rapids, to visit during the holidays.

Miss Olive Griffith, who teaches at Blair, came home Friday evening to visit with her parents during the holidays.

Miss Elizabeth Battcher of the Wayne normal left Friday afternoon for North Liberty, Indiana, to be gone a week.

Miss Luers left for Columbus Friday evening to be gone during the holiday week visiting with friends and relatives.

Miss Nickel, who teaches at the Wayne public schools went to her home at Western, Saturday to visit with her parents for a week.

Stanley Owen left Friday evening for Cheyenne, Wyoming, called there on account of the serious illness of his mother, Mrs. Owen.

Miss Kingsbury of the state normal left Friday for Ithaca, New York, to visit with her brother, Dr. Kingsbury during the holiday week.

Miss Josephine Mack of the Wayne normal faculty left Friday afternoon for Rome, New York, to visit with her relatives during the holidays.

Mrs. Perry Hughes came Friday to visit at the Thomas Hughes home during the holidays. Mr. Hughes came Saturday to visit for a few days.

Mrs. Gustafson and daughter Hilda went to Winside Friday evening to visit with Mrs. Gustafson's daughter, Mrs. Ed. Dotson for a short time.

W. L. Ross and family of Winnebago visited with Mr. Ross' mother, Mrs. J. M. Ross and daughter Christmas day, returning to their home Tuesday morning.

E. E. Griffith and wife returned home from Tyndal, South Dakota, Thursday evening where they have been visiting with their daughter, Mrs. Eads for the past four weeks. While waiting for the evening train at Sioux City, Mr. and Mrs. Griffith had the opportunity of going thru the Tribune building and observing just how a metropolitan paper is printed and mailed. The inspection revealed many technical things about a big newspaper shop they never knew could be handled in such a time-saving way.

H. W. McClure went to Sioux City Tuesday on business.

Herman Lundberg and wife spent Christmas with friends at Wakefield.

Albert Watson went to Pierce Saturday to visit with his uncle and cousin for a few days.

J. S. Carhart departed for Ma-pleton, Iowa, Tuesday morning to be gone a few days on business.

Miss Alice Mau went to Omaha Saturday morning to visit with relatives and freinds for a few days.

Professor C. A. Crawford was a passenger to Omaha Tuesday morning to visit with friends for a brief time.

Miss Finegan of the state normal faculty left Saturday morning for Lincoln to visit with relatives and friends during the holidays.

Miss Elsie Ford Piper of the state normal went to Lincoln Friday to spend the holidays with her parents, J. A. Piper and family.

Harry Gildersleeve who is attending the Nebraska University is here visiting with his parents, L. C. Gildersleeve and wife during the holidays.

Miss Ruth White and aunt, Miss Charlotte, went to Sioux City Saturday to visit with Miss Ruth White's sister, Mr. A. T. Neely and husband.

Ray Hickman, who is teaching at Roundup, Montana, came home Friday evening to visit with his parents, Professor Hickman and family for the holiday week.

Mrs. I. C. Trumbauer and son went to Sioux City Friday morning where with her husband who went Saturday they spent Christmas day at the G. W. Burkhead home.

J. M. Strahan, who is attending the university at Lincoln came home Tuesday evening to visit with his parents, F. Strahan and wife during the Christmas holidays.

W. H. Nangle of Sioux City was a guest at the home of his mother, Mrs. E. J. Nangle and sister Mrs. T. T. Jones the first part of the week, returning home Tuesday morning.

Miss Sarah Killan left for Lincoln Saturday to spend the holidays with relatives and friends. Her niece, Miss Ethel Killan went to Beatrice to be a guest of friends and relatives for the week.

Miss Ella Redmond went to Lincoln Friday where she spent Christmas with relatives. Her nieces, Misses Etta Platt and Faye Redmond went to Crab Orchard the same day to spend the holidays.

Leslie Welch of Kansas City and Herbert Welch, who is attending Williams College, Massachusetts, came home Friday evening to spend the Christmas holidays with their parents, A. A. Welch and wife.

Miss Hattie Crockett returned home from Battle Creek Saturday to visit with her parents during the holidays. Miss Crockett has charge of the manual training department in the Battle Creek public school.

W. E. and Albert McGregor of Tekamah were guests of their sister, Mrs. W. Rennick and husband, Christmas day. W. E. McGregor returned to Lincoln Tuesday morning where he is a senior in the Dental college. His brother went to his home at Tekamah.

They have all gone home—the College students. Expressions such as "Gee, I am sure glad we are going home to mother." I'll bet the girl I left behind me will be glad to see me and so on as said students are waiting for the train at the station would lead one to believe they are sure glad to get home for a week's vacation. Being away from home is not so joyful as some people believe it is.

Mr. Jenkins of Carroll was at Wayne Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Gremkau of Sholes were at Wayne Saturday.

R. Peterson and wife of Carroll were Wayne visitors Saturday afternoon.

Miss Mary Schmill of Carroll was at Wayne between trains Saturday afternoon.

Girl Wanted—For housework. apply to Mrs. T. W. Moran, phone Black 260.—adv.

Geo. McEachen and wife went to Bancroft Sunday to visit her home folks over Christmas.

Miss Lillian Goldsmith, who is teaching at Tilden, is spending the holiday week at home.

Dr. A. D. Lewis, wife and son went to Newcastle Saturday to visit with relatives for a few days.

Harold Boyce, who is teaching and attending the university at Lincoln, is home for the holidays.

FOR SALE OR RENT—Eight room, all modern house and garage. Enquire A. A. Wollert.—adv. 49-11

George Roe returned from Carroll Tuesday morning where he visited with his parents Christmas day.

R. N. Donahey and wife went to Wakefield Christmas, dining there at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ten Eyck.

E. Y. Group and wife of Omaha came Saturday evening to be a guest at the Fred Blair home for a few days.

J. H. Thompson and wife went to Lyons Saturday to visit with Mr. Thompson's parents, S. Thompson and family.

LOST—Kensington bag containing Crochet work. Finder leave with Mrs. Hood or Bernice Brant. Phone 66.—adv.

Eddie Wells from Tilden was here to eat Christmas dinner at the home of Wm. Goldsmith and wife, his uncle and aunt.

Glenn Gildersleeve, who is attending the Wesleyan university at Lincoln, came home last week for the holiday vacation.

Robert Perrin and wife returned home Monday evening from a visit of a month or more at the home of their son at Sioux City.

Mrs. C. R. Nelson came from Omaha last week to visit home folks, J. H. Rimel and family, and Saturday Mr. Nelson came to spend Sunday and Christmas here.

M. M. Taylor and wife from Plainview came last week to spend Christmas at the home of the lady's parents, John S. Lewis and wife. He returned Monday evening.

Miss Jessie Grace departed the last of the week to visit home folks at Adair, Iowa, planning to be absent until sometime in February. While away she will visit the wholesale millinery houses and trimming rooms and return with a stock for the spring trade.

Paul Harrington went to Omaha Tuesday morning and visited Lincoln before coming home. On the eve of his departure he told the reporter a fish story saying that some good fellow or a Santa Claus out in the land of tall timber and mighty fish-filled rivers had caught a great salmon, packed it in ice and sent it to Paul for a Christmas dinner. It was about a 12-pounder and said to be fine for Christmas eats.

Mrs. W. H. Putnam and son Elmer came Monday morning from Superior, Wisconsin, to visit at the home of her parents, Ludwig Larson and wife, and with her brothers. Her mother had the misfortune to have several ribs broken last week in some manner while milking, the cow knocking her down and stepping on her side. Mrs. Putnam moved from Wayne with her husband to Wisconsin fourteen years ago and this was her first visit here since, and naturally she notices many changes, and was surprised to know that land which they could have purchased here at that time at less than \$20 per acre will now sell readily at an increase of \$100 per acre above the price but fourteen years ago. In fact but few of us realize the fortunes that are being made by the rising value of land. We believe that land values here will be greater than now but it is not probable that the next fourteen years will make such a percentage of gain as has the last fourteen, but we would not be surprised to see much land around Wayne selling for \$100 per acre more than that now, and we believe that good lands can now be purchased that will advance in the next 15 or 20 years fully \$100 per acre. We know of lands that will grow good crops of grain, hay and alfalfa which may be had at less than \$50 per acre, close to trans-continental lines of railway and their value is bound to rise.



We thank you for the business that has made this year just closing a very successful one, and we will endeavor to merit a continuance of your patronage.

With Best Wishes

Gamble & Senter

A. W. Gutschow and wife were passengers to Omaha Saturday to visit with relatives for a few days.

Miss Hazel Norton, who teaches at Niobrara, came home Saturday to visit with her parents for the holiday week.

Dr. F. O. White left for Council Bluffs, Iowa, Saturday afternoon to visit with his parents for a short time during the Christmas holidays.

Mrs. Louise Gustafson of DeSota, Iowa, who has been visiting at the Frank Sederstrom home for the past few days returned to her home Saturday.

Mrs. H. Mason of Meadow Grove, who is visiting at the J. W. Mason home, went to Emerson Tuesday to visit with her sister, Mrs. Deme for a short time.

A. T. Cavanaugh and wife of Lincoln came Saturday to visit with Mrs. Cavanaugh's father and brother, Wm. Orr and son Carroll. Mrs. Cavanaugh went to Winside Tuesday evening to visit at the D. J. Cavanaugh home for a short time.

January 10th, Chas. Weeces is going to have a closing farm sale, says auctioneer W. H. Neely, who is to cry the sale. It will doubtless be largely attended, as the offering is said to be excellent and the time is at hand for buying for the spring farm operations to begin.—11.

Mrs. E. B. Erskine went to Hooper Sunday to visit with her sister, Mrs. H. A. Pape for a few days.

Maurice Philleo, who has been attending normal here, went to visit home folks in Minnesota during the holiday week.

Miss Madeline Masten returned to her home at Coleridge Wednesday morning following a brief visit at the H. A. Masten home.

A. B. Clark and wife left Saturday afternoon for Chicago where they will visit for a few days. They also plan to visit at Watertown, Wisconsin, while away.

Jake Lingner and family have moved to Wayne from Randolph, and he is one of the employees of the Standard Oil Co., at this place. They live in the southwest part of the city.

Dr. C. A. McMaster and wife went to Lincoln Saturday to visit with Dr. McMaster's mother, Mrs. E. McMaster and with Mrs. McMaster's sister, Mrs. Snowdon of Omaha for a few days.

J. J. Ahern left Saturday afternoon for Chicago where with his wife and children, who left Friday, they will visit with Mrs. Ahern's parents, J. W. Pudmore and family. Later they will go to Kankakee, Illinois, to visit with Mr. Ahern's mother. They will be gone a week.

Elmer Sala left the first of the week to join his brother on a claim they are holding down near Millsboro, South Dakota.

Mr. and Mrs. Forrest L. Hughes went to Tekamah Sunday to eat Christmas dinner with her parents. Mrs. Hughes remained for a visit of several days, but he returned Tuesday.

John Larison and family left Christmas for Long Beach, California, to spend the winter where there is no winter, if that be a correct expression. They should have an enjoyable time.

Now is the season of the year to boom subscriptions among the magazines, if they can find suckers to pull the chestnuts out of the fire. The above is prompted by an offer of 100 subscriptions to a dollar magazine for \$10 if we will order before January 1st, and send addresses before April 1st. Then we can give this magazine one year each to the first 100 subscribers, old or new who pay for the Democrat until January 1, 1918. We received a sample of the magazine, and came to the conclusion that it would not be fair to inflict such a thing upon our best-paying patrons—for they are the fellows we wish to treat absolutely right, and would not knowingly give their name and address to such a combination as are evidently back of this scheme.

Opening Pavilion Sale
at
WAYNE
Saturday, January 6, 1917
at 2 o'clock p. m.
Plan to attend and list your good stock for sale with
L. C. GILDERSLEEVE,
Manager

PUBLIC AUCTION!!

The undersigned has decided to leave the farm and will sell the following described personal property at auction at his place of residence, 7 miles north and 3 west of Wisner and 1 mile south and 1/2 mile east of Altona, Nebraska, on

Thursday, January 4th, 1917

Free Lunch at 11 o'Clock. Sale Starts at 12 o'Clock

EIGHT HEAD OF HORSES

Consisting of black gelding, 10 years old, wt. 1450; bay gelding, 8 years old, wt. 1350; roan gelding, 9 years old, wt. 1475; span of bay geldings, 8 years old, wt. 3000; black mare, 5 years old, wt. 1450, bred to C. H. Winther's Percheron horse; black gelding, wt. 1400; black May colt, wt. 700.

THIRTY-FOUR HEAD OF CATTLE

Consisting of 13 cows, 4 of them with calves at foot, the others bred to calve in the spring; 6 heifers and 5 steers coming 2 years old; and 6 spring calves.

3400 bushels of corn in crib and 200 bushels of oats

FARM MACHINERY, ETC.

3 good lumber wagons, new hay rack, steel truck wagon, Clark top buggy, 3 h. p. Lauson gas engine, Deering binder 8-ft cut, Canton gang plow, 14-in high lift good as new, Canton 16-in walking plow, 2 Canton walking cultivators, J. I. Case corn planter with 160 rods wire nearly new, John Deere 2-row go-devil, 3-section harrow, 4-wheel Canton lister, Canton disc cultivator, 2 Canton pulverizers, Success manure spreader, Deering mower 5-ft cut, McCormick mower 6 ft cut, 2 McCormick hay rakes, 10- and 12-ft, Plattner hay stacker, hay sweep, new Kentucky seeder, X-ray incubator, Sharples cream separator, grindstone, 7 feed bunks, new sloop cart, steel water tank, pump jack, 4 sets of work harness, 4 dozen Plymouth Rock chickens, household furniture and numerous lesser articles.

TERMS OF SALE: Sums of \$10 and under, cash; larger amounts on one year's time, with notes and approved security bearing interest at 8%. Satisfactory settlement must be made before removing property from the premises.

OTTO JACOBSEN, Owner
D. H. CUNNINGHAM, Auctioneer I. O. LEISY, Clerk.

Early Nebraska Indians

Norfolk Press: Mrs. Harriet MacMurphy, one of the pioneer newspaper women of Nebraska, ex-state food inspector and prominent club woman, was in the city yesterday, the guest of Mrs. S. F. Erskine. She talked before the local chapter of the D. A. R. in the afternoon on "The Indians as the Nebraska Pioneer Found Them." Mrs. MacMurphy is a likeable, charming woman of much ability.

Mrs. MacMurphy had with her a big American flag, presented to Logan Fontenelle by President Pierce in 1852, when the Omaha tribe ceded their reservation to the government, in order that Nebraska might become a territory. This is the oldest flag in the state and has been in the possession of the Fontenelle family. This summer Mrs. Henry Fontenelle presented the flag to Mrs. MacMurphy, to keep as one of the most important relics of the state of Nebraska. Mrs. MacMurphy's family moved to Decatur in 1863, when she was a small child. Not far from them lived Henry Fontenelle, brother of Chief Logan Fontenelle. The father of these brothers was Lucian Fontenelle, a French marquis, who married an Indian woman.

Mrs. MacMurphy has written a little book, "The Story of the Fontenelles," which is most interesting.

She has a diary of an aunt of hers who crossed the country with her husband and family in 1853. She speaks of the different Indian tribes they passed and describes the land accurately. Mrs. MacMurphy also has a letter written in 1855, now much creased and discolored, inscribed on paper bearing on its back scenes of the California Indians. She speaks of meeting Commodore Decatur, for whom the town of that name was called, and of his courtesy and wishing them Godspeed. He had a squaw as wife, Mrs. MacMurphy also speaks intimately of the education of the Indians and their ceding of their lands, Decatur having been an Indian trading point in the days when she lived there. She says the Indians of the reservation received about \$80,000 per year and they spent most of this in Decatur.

The flag mentioned is much worn, but the D. A. R.'s of Omaha met recently at Mrs. MacMurphy's house and repaired it by sewing a background of net to hold it in place. The flag is hand made and contains thirty-one stars.

A Comparison

The Hineckley (Minn.) Enterprise in comparing the price of subscriptions today with the high cost of living, says "In May 1903 when the Enterprise came under the present management, it took eight pound of butter to pay for a year's subscription and now it takes 3 1-3 pounds; it then took 10 dozens of eggs and it now takes but little more than three dozens; it then took five bushels of potatoes and it now takes a trifle more than one bushel; it then took about two bushels of wheat and it now takes less than one bushel; it then took three-fourths of a cord of wood and it now takes one-third of a cord. The Enterprise also cost then about twice as many chickens twice as much pork, twice as much beef. As compared with then, the Enterprise costs the farmer almost nothing. On the otherhand the price of paper the Enterprise was printed on was \$48 per ton and it now costs somewhere between \$120 and \$140 per ton. Do you wonder the publisher is getting grey headed? And say, Mr. Farmer, how much is there left of that old story about you not being able to take the paper?"

Get your sale bills printed at the Democrat office.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions, and in order to cure it you must take an internal remedy. Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. Hall's Catarrh Medicine was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years. It is composed of some of the best tonics known, combined with some of the best blood purifiers. The perfect combination of the ingredients in Hall's Catarrh Medicine is what produces such wonderful results in catarrhal conditions. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O. All Drugs & Chemicals. Hall's Family Pills for Constipation.

Wayne Junk Shop

Having opened a branch shop in Wayne at the Earl Merchant blacksmith shop, we are prepared to buy all your old iron, for which we are paying \$4.00 per ton. Also any old rubber, metals, or any other junk you may have and we guarantee the highest possible price.

Hides and Furs especially at highest prices.

G. PAUL, Manager

Farmers and Roads

That there is considerable opposition among farmers to building permanent roads under any of the plans that have been proposed cannot be denied. Not that farmers are opposed to good roads and not so much on account of their cost, but because they deem inequitable any plan that has so far been suggested for raising the money. One farmer sends a letter in which is inclosed a statement made by the department of agriculture concerning the increase in the value of adjoining lands in Pennsylvania, Virginia, New York, Alabama, Florida and Mississippi where permanent roads have been built. The advance in the adjoining lands has in every case been enormous, ranging from 36 to 114 per cent. The increase in the value of the land affected would have built the roads twice over.

This farmer says that he sees no justice in taxing the whole people to make a gift equal to 50 per cent of the value of the adjoining lands to the owners, and good roads besides, which will be mainly used by them, and adds: "I shall fight the building of permanent roads with all the power I have until some plan is presented that will justly distribute the costs and the betterment accruing from their construction."

In another part of his letter he says: "I am free to say that I could not formulate such a plan, and do not know anyone who can except a couple of socialists and one single taxer with whom I am acquainted, who admit that they can." It may be a very perplexing question, but will be solved in the near future, not with exact justice it may be to all, but as near to justice as we generally get in this world.—World-Herald.

A Dream

I thought to buy a riding pony, And someone said, "Trust that to me; The mustangs out in Arizona Are as the sands beside the sea. You shall possess a car load cheap; I'll take half price, but don't you peep."

I paid six hundred dollars, net, Which quite exhausted all my change; And I am told that carload yet Disport the Arizona range. In dreams their forms the prairies dot, But when awake, I see them not.

Some things I clearly understand, Which were not fairly understood, To-wit: Six hundred cash in hand Is that much money to the good; Whereas, these beasts that deck the prairie Are dreams, and dreams are visionary.

What profit is it now to rage? From out the mystic deeps of slumber Wild horse now my thought engage, And riding ponies without number.

Upon their backs all night I canter As did the pickled Tam O'Shanter. But all that gold has turned to dross— Betimes its absence makes me shiver.

Who took it failed to come across, But just to prove I'm some for-giver, I'll tender him my herd, dog gone 'em And thus save paying freight upon 'em.

The Boy and the Beer

"My son," said the father, "take that jug and fetch me some beer."

"Give me the money, then father."

"My son, to get beer with money, anybody can do that, but to get beer without money, that's clever."

So the boy takes the jug and out he goes. Shortly he enters and places the jug before the father.

"Drink," said the son.

"How can I drink," says the father, "when there is no beer in the jug?"

"To drink beer out of a jug," says the boy, "where there is beer, anybody can do that; but to drink beer out of a jug where there is no beer, that's clever."

LOCAL NEWS

Saturday, January 6th, is the first pavilion-sale at Wayne.

FOR SALE—White Rocks, 75c each. John Vennerberg 49-4t. pd.

Mrs. Mary Meyers and daughter Gladys were passengers to Emerson Tuesday.

W. E. Watkins wife and child spent Christmas at Creighton with relatives and friends.

Miss Steeking left for North Bend Friday to be a guest of relatives and friends during the holidays.

Miss Hallie Lamberson, teacher of the kindergarten at Wynot is home this week visiting with her parents.

Miss Lena Martin went to Walthill Saturday to visit with her brother, Lyle Martin and wife for a few days.

Mrs. H. Heinmann and sister, Miss Diriks went to Pender Tuesday to visit with their parents, D. Diriks and family.

C. Musgrove and H. Griggs went to Bloomfield Tuesday morning to wire and to place electric lights in the high school building.

Mark Reel, who works in Ahern's department store, went to Fremont Saturday evening to visit with friends a short time.

Miss Hattie Shulteis of Omaha came home Saturday morning to visit at the Warren Shulteis home during the Christmas holidays.

Professor J. G. W. Lewis departed for Grand Island Tuesday to visit with his mother, Mrs. M. E. Whitney for two or three days.

Mrs. E. W. Hollenbeck of Slayton, Minnesota, who has been visiting at the Peter Covle home for a few days left for her home Friday afternoon.

Miss Kingsbury of Sioux City returned to her home Tuesday morning having been here visiting with Miss Cella Gildersleeve Christmas day.

Miss Cella Gildersleeve, who teaches at Atkinson, came home Friday to visit with her parents, Wm. Gildersleeve and wife during the holidays.

Mrs. C. Ash returned home from Rock Island, Illinois, last week where she has been visiting with her mother, Mrs. Mary E. Sowers for three weeks.

Ed Crane and wife and Miss Jennie Crane of Dixon departed for their home Wednesday, having been here to visit with B. Goodyear and wife, Christmas day.

Miss Madeline Hahn, who is teaching at Fort Collins, Colorado, came home Friday evening to visit with her parents, H. H. Hahn and wife during the holidays.

Mrs. F. L. Neely was a passenger to Sioux City Saturday to visit with her son, A. T. Neely and wife during the holidays. Mr. Neely went to Sioux City Sunday.

Miss Kostomlatsky was a passenger to Sioux City Saturday. Her brothers, M. S. and Fred Kostomlatsky and Miss Lambert of Sioux City, returning home with her to be guests at her home Christmas day.

Miss Agnes Richardson, who teaches at Newcastle and Miss Emma Richardson who teaches at Norfolk came home Saturday to visit with their parents, A. R. Richardson and wife during the Christmas vacation.

Sleighing is fine, the six-inch snow fall failing to drift, and is now covered with a crust. And while sleighing is good the automobile is moving merrily along with the aid of chains to give the wheel the push power.

Weather conditions have been such as to warrant the statement that "all signs fall in a mild winter," for the mercury has wobbled from 8 below zero to 32 above in less than 20 hours, and turned and plunged back again in the next 20 hours.

Mrs. Reeves and son departed for Omaha Tuesday to meet Mr. Reeves who is returning home from the Philippines Islands where he has been stationed by the government as a non-commissioned officer in charge of the wireless station. Mrs. Reeves returned from the islands several weeks ago. Mr. Reeves is coming home on a short vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. F. V. Richards of Mitchell, South Dakota, arrived Sunday morning and spent Christmas with their son, F. L. Richards, returning Wednesday afternoon. They left Mitchell on Tuesday of last week to go to Ruthven, Iowa, to attend the golden wedding, anniversary of Mr. Richard's sister, Mrs. J. R. Phoenix and husband which was celebrated on Wednesday the 20th, leaving there Saturday morning on their way here.

Among the Churches of Wayne

Methodist Church

(Rev. A. S. Buell Pastor). We come at this New Year's time to another of the milestones which mark the passing years as we journey life's highway home. How the distance seems to shorten each succeeding mile as we hasten on like a strong man to run a race. No more of carts and prairie schooners for this generation: this is the day of speeding up for all humanity and we like it. We live better, live happier, live longer and accomplish infinitely more than under the ox cart program. It is well that we should pause and take invoice before plunging into the New Year with its responsibilities and golden opportunities. The old year has been laden with bountiful harvests and many delightful experiences and friendships. We anticipate the coming year with keener interest. Let us go into the new year with every determination to make it more sacrificial and beautiful than the past. The hope of the church and our America is the future. Forgetting those things which are behind, let us press forward toward the mark of the prize of the high calling of God as it is in Christ Jesus our Lord.

Last Sunday was a delightful Christmas Sunday. Next Sunday morning the theme will be "The Christ of Twenty Centuries." If you are interested in a soul stirring message, Come!

The Sunday evening service will be full of spirit, description, illustration and worship. With this service we start a new Sunday evening program. Come next Sunday.

St. Paul's Lutheran Church

(Rev. J. H. Fetterolf, Pastor) Sunday school at 10 a. m. Preaching 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. The subject of the evening sermon will be "Joseph the Prisoner."

Mrs. Rogers will entertain the Ladies Aid Thursday, January 4. The new organ has arrived at last and was installed the beginning of the week. It will be used for the first time at the morning service next Sunday.

German Lutheran Church

Rev. Moehring, Pastor Next Sunday morning the pastor will preach at eleven o'clock at the Wayne church. Sunday school at ten o'clock. In the evening the pastor will preach at Winside at seven-thirty.

There will be New Year's services at three o'clock at the Wayne church.

Real Estate Transfers

Reported by Forrest L. Hughes, Bonded abstractor of Wayne County, Nebraska.

L. J. Hansen single to Francis Jones lot 5 in block 13 original Wayne, Nebraska, \$5000.

J. C. Pawelski and wife to Paul A. Pawelski, the west 50 feet of lot 3 in Taylor & Wachob's addition to Wayne, \$1.

William R. Cain and wife to Schutt, the southeast quarter of section 12, township 27, range 1, \$16,800.

Lewis Mattes, single to Burret W. Wright, lot 12 in block 5, east addition to Wayne, \$1500.

Rural Carrier Examination

The United States Civil Service Commission has announced an examination for the County of Dixon, Nebraska, to be held at Wayne and Allen on January 27, 1917, to fill the position of rural carrier at Allen and vacancies that may later occur on rural routes from other postoffices in the above-mentioned county. The examination will be open only to male citizens who are actually domiciled in the territory of a postoffice in the county and who meet the other requirements set forth in Form No. 1977. This form and application blanks may be obtained from the offices mentioned above or from the United States Civil Service Commission at Washington, D. C. Applications should be forwarded to the Commission at Washington at the earliest practicable date.

VanNorman-Courtright

At noon on Christmas day, Miss Lillie M. Courtright, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Courtright was married to Mr. Lloyd Van Norman of Dundee, Minnesota, at the home of the bride's parents. The rooms were very prettily decorated in holly and red and white Christmas bells. Guests were immediate relatives and friends of the bride and groom. Following the ceremony, officiated by Reverend A. S. Buell of the Methodist church, a wedding dinner was served.

Mr. and Mrs. Van Norman accompanied by Mr. Van Norman's sister, Katherine Van Norman, departed for Dundee Tuesday morning for a two week visit with relatives and friends.

Salyx

Various state agricultural departments have issued bulletins estimating that 90 per cent of the total loss from hogs is occasioned by worms. SALYX is guaranteed absolutely not only to destroy and eliminate, but to prevent worms, and knowing feeders will not wait until it is necessary to fight these pests, but will take the wiser plan to prevent them, when it is so inexpensive.

SALYX
A MEDICATED SALT
SELLING FOR LESS
A tonic, conditioner, digestive and worm destroyer for hogs, sheep, cattle and horses.

25 lb. pkg.	\$1.25
100 lb. keg	4.50
300 lb. bbl.	6.50
300 lb. bbl.	12.00

WHY PAY MORE?
Booklet Free
SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY

GEORGE FORTNER

Fortner's Feed Mill, Wayne

The dealer's name who appears above is authorized to sell SALYX with the guarantee that if the purchaser does not obtain the results which we claim he will receive in feeding Salyx his money will be cheerfully refunded.

Down to the telephone again

A telephone extension will solve the problem of those health-destroying trips up and down the stairs each day.

RESIDENCE EXTENSION TELEPHONE RATES.

75 cents a month—With extra bell.
50 cents a month—Without a bell.

NEBRASKA TELEPHONE COMPANY

HAVE YOU TRIED

A load of Coal from Fisher's yet? We handle all the good grades of both hard and soft coal. We keep it well screened and clean.

As we have our own delivery man and team we can deliver it when you want it and put it in in good shape.

Have you paid your subscription—if not now is a good time.

Subscription Rates:
One Year... \$1.00 Six Months... 75c
Three Months... 40c Single Copies... 5c

Entered at the postoffice at Wayne, Nebraska, as second-class mail matter.

WAYNE MARKET REPORT

Following are the market prices quoted us up to the time of going to press Thursday:

Oats	45c
Corn	78c
Spring Wheat	1.48
Wheat	85c
Eggs	35c
Butter	35c
Hogs	9.40
Fat cattle	\$7.50 @ \$9.20

OUR NEW YEAR WISH

Is that each and every reader may have health, wealth - producing work and be content therewith.

The Public, for about fifteen years published at Chicago, will begin the new year in New York City. This is a journal of fundamental democracy, and in its new field its publishers and editors hope to do much good. It will be in the "enemy's country" once it lands in the metropolis controlled by Wall street grafters—yet there is democracy even in New York and nowhere does it need help more. It is to be hoped that this fearless little journal will make itself felt in the high places.

The Democrat would like to have Congressman Stephens offer and secure action on an amendment to the army and navy appropriation measures to the effect that no public debt shall be created in time of peace for war material and supplies; and be it further enacted that the cost of producing equipment for army and navy shall be taxed against those who actually believe in preparedness to an extent which will make them willing to pay the bill. There are certain great interests who would make great fortunes from war and preparation for war; who believe that the government should make it lawful to go to any man physically fit for service and force him to serve in the army or navy. These same people would also have the government expenses exceed revenues, and they would provide the funds at a good rate of interest, and let the men who served come home after term of service expired and work to pay off the debt, both principal and interest. It is right and proper for this generation to pass to coming generations the cost of great public improvements which will stand for the use of people yet unborn, but to saddle a war debt from tearing down the improvements is a different proposition.

The Twentieth Century Farmer in the last week issue tells of more needed legislation for the farmers by the coming legislature, and then asks for money to build a swine barn on the fair grounds; more money for a research department with headquarters at Lincoln. Then they would have more funds appropriated with which to fight virulent diseases and a dog tax for the protection of sheep industry. These are well enough in their way, but the Democrat would like to see—yes hopes to see the legislature which will convene at Lincoln in

January rise to the dignity of a constructive, progressive body, and produce results that will prove of lasting benefits to the people.

Why not throttle the insurance combine which is robbing all Nebraska by a law providing for state insurance at the absolute cost of carrying? Why not enact a law taxing all agricultural and grazing lands of the state 2 cents an acre for hail insurance, and thus kill that particular vulture which fattens annually on the farmers?

Why not regulate in the interest of the people the grafters who plunder all who use the stockyards?

Yes, why not inaugurate a move that will have for its consummation the converting all the water power of the state for the use of the people? The successful completion of such work would do more to relieve the people of Nebraska from the domination of the coal and railroad freight burdens than anything else which might be done. Suppose that for a few cents daily cost pumps, churns, grinding mills and in fact all kinds of farm and household machinery could be driven, what a saving it would be. Suppose that instead of paying tribute to the coal dealer the cook could turn heat into the oven and do the baking. Suppose this waste water could be made to warm us as it goes onward to the sea. Then the legislature of 1917 would live in history.

Council Proceedings

City council met in regular session Tuesday evening with two members absent, Messrs. Lamberon and Harrington. After reading the minutes of the previous meeting the official bond of James Britton police judge, was approved and the poll tax remitted from O. N. Eicher, for the reason that he has lived long enough to be exempt.

The following claims were then read and passed upon and warrants vetoed:

- General Fund:
W. B. Sherbahn, labor, \$60.00.
G. L. Miner, salary, \$85.00.
G. S. Mears, 2 meters returned, \$4.00.
J. H. Merrill, special police, \$2.00.
Walter Miller, salary, \$75.00.
Dick Carpenter, labor, \$21.25.
Wayne Herald, printing ordinance, \$52.50.
Nebraska Democrat, printing ordinance, \$1.50.
Light Fund:
Western Electric Co., \$5.33.
Pittsburgh Coal Co., \$159.93.
Freight, \$77.65.
C. H. Thompson, unload coal, \$43.56.
Ed Murrill, salary, \$100.00.
John Harner, salary, \$70.00.
Gust Newman, salary, \$70.00.

First Feeding Bottle.

Possibly a hollow gourd constituted the first baby's feeding bottle. Torn from its parent tree, its edible interior would have found its way to the stomach of its adult plucker, after which the hollow shell would be filled with milk or other liquid refreshment for the satisfaction of the infant. In tropical countries, again, the coconut would constitute a natural feeding bottle, already filled with the necessary nourishment.

Without, however, indulging in speculation of this kind it may be noted that the archaic vase room at the British museum contains specimens of feeding bottles—terracotta, archaeologists call them—dating back to between 600 and 700 years before Christ. These very early babies' bottles are usually globular in shape, are elaborately decorated and are covered with small knobs which, it is conjectured, were used to hang tiny bells upon. In short, the feeding bottle of those days was also a rattle and a picture book combined.

Fixing the Carpet Sweepers.

The revolving brush of the ordinary carpet sweeper is driven by the friction of the wheels on which the sweeper runs against driving wheels on either end of the brush axle. To insure good friction the peripheries of all of these wheels are covered with tightly fitting rubber rings. In time these rings wear out, or the rubber becomes hardened and loses its grip. An efficient method of repairing a sweeper having imperfect or worn rubber rings is to cover the wheels with common electricians' tape, such as is employed for covering joints in wire. The tape should first be wound around the periphery of the wheel until a covering nearly equal to the thickness of the original ring is attained. This should then be secured in place by passing the tape around the ring and between the spokes of the wheels. The gripping power of the tape is fully equal to that of the original rubber rings, and the sweeper will be good for service until other parts wear out.

Arsenic Absorbed by Hair.

New light has been thrown on the legal side of arsenic poisoning, says the Scientific American. It has been found that arsenic compounds are absorbed by the hair of living persons, though not absorbed after death. In the hair of man arsenic has been known to reach a concentration of one to five parts in 100,000. The deposit takes place in the hair after it has been absorbed by the abdominal organs, liver and kidneys in particular.

Therefore in cases of acute, quick poisoning a chemical analysis of the hair would show no arsenic, while it would be found in the liver and kidneys. On the other hand, if slow arsenic poisoning were suspected analysis would show arsenic in the hair, but not in the liver and kidneys, and it could safely be assumed that the poisoning was not recent. The legal value of such evidence is apparent.

The African Marriage System.

You cannot fancy how deeply complicated the African marriage system is—or how many ramifications there may be to a "woman's palaver." One day Mr. Heminger was sitting in a hut talking with two members of his congregation, wives of one husband. He was talking to them about their sins, which were of an obvious character. The younger woman had been accused of stealing food. Then he turned to the elder, Wawa, she of the ten children, five of them dead and five of them cruel.

"Wawa," he said, "why cannot you live at peace with this wife of your husband? Why are you always quarrelling?" (They are notorious scorpions.) "Well," said Wawa, "she was bought with one of my children, and I cannot forget it."—Jean Kenyon Mackenzie in Atlantic.

Selfishness.

It is curious how little selfishness is understood. It is generally assumed to be an intense regard for oneself, when in reality it is a supreme disregard.

Unselfishness, on the other hand, is a higher regard for oneself.

Selfishness is only a form of destruction. It is produced by soul avarice. What we put into ourselves draws no interest. It is constantly deteriorating in value. Selfishness is an ingrowing shortsightedness. Selfishness is also a form of sincerity. Selfish people deceive nobody. They wear their selfishness on their sleeves. Their sincerity about it is something so apparent as almost to cause a sense of admiration for its genuineness.—Life.

Hot Cross Bun in History.

The hot cross bun has both antiquity and tradition in its favor. Its history traces back not only to the time of Cecrops and Astarte, but also to the Jewish passover cakes and the cross marked wafer or eucharistic bread adopted by the early Christians and mentioned in St. Chrysostom's liturgy. The substitution of the cross mark for the horn mark on the surface of the bun by the Greeks is supposed to have been done for the purpose of dividing more easily the bun into four equal parts. Similar cross marked buns were found in the ruins of Herculaneum.

A Success After All.

"What became of the Yardle girl who was ambitious for a stage career?"

"She turned out much better than her friends expected."

"You don't mean to tell me she's starring now?"

"No, indeed. She's the mother of six children and has a husband who doesn't run around at night."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Busy.

"Lonfey tells me he hasn't been so busy for years."

"Nonsense! That job he has is a cinch. He never has to work hard there."

"That's just it. He's been fired, and he's chasing around after another job now."—Exchange.

The Method.

Willis—What kind of a school is your son attending? Gillis—Very fashionable, one of those institutions where you develop the mind without using it.—Life.

Early Precept.

Kind Lady—How'd you learn to pick pockets? Pickpocket—By watchin' my mother fishin' fer change in the old man's trousers!—Albany Knickerbocker Press.

Every brave man is a man of his word.—Cornellie.

PUBLIC SALE!

The undersigned, having rented his farm will sell at public sale on the farm one mile north and one and one-half miles west of Wayne the following described property, on.

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 10th

Free Lunch at Noon

Sale begins at 12 o'clock sharp.

7 Head of Horses

One black mare, 4 year-old, weight 1740; one grey mare, 4-year-old, weight 1520 in foal; one black mare, 5-year-old, weight 1440; one gelding 8-year-old, weight 1260; one black mare 11-year-old, weight 1500, in foal; one grey mare, 10-year-old, in foal, one yearling colt, wt. 1160.

13 Head of Cattle

Six milch cows, all in calf, three to be fresh soon; one heifer to be fresh in spring; three heifer calves and three steer calves.

75 Head of Shoats

MACHINERY Etc.

One 8-foot McCormick binder, 1 5-foot McCormick mower, 1 11-foot McCormick hay rake, 1 Clean-Sweep hay loader, 1 Emerson Gang plow, 1 14-inch walking plow, 1 16-foot harrow (3 section), 1 Janesville pulverizer, 1 disc cultivator, 1 Moline riding corn plow, 1 corn weeder 1 Janesville disc, 1 lister go-devil, 1 Moline corn planter with 100 rods of wire, 1 force feed seeder, 1 hayrack, 1 Velie top buggy, 1 2-seated platform spring wagon, 1 Ketchum wagon, 1 Budsell wagon, 1 road cart, Rock Island manure spreader, hand corn sheller, Cider press, heating stove, grindstone, 2 hay slings and clips, 160 feet of inch rope and 60 feet of rope end to pulleys, 1 DeLaval separator, No. 1, 3 sets work harness, set leather fly nets, etc.

Several tons good alfalfa hay.

TERMS OF SALE:— \$10 and under cash. On sums over \$10, 10 months time will be given on approved notes with interest at 8 per cent.

CHAS. WEECES, Owner

HARVEY NEELY, Auctioneer

R. W. LEY, Clerk

ACTING SUDDEN DEATH.

A. Shown in Moving Pictures It is Not True to Nature.

"There is one point on which moving picture directors still have something to learn if they desire realism," says the Illustrated World, Chicago. "It is on the subject of sudden death. Nowadays every film director makes his actors follow what seems to be a stereotyped form. Every villain who gets shot dies exactly like every other perforated character—and wrong."

"The actor's monotonous rendition of this final phase of existence is affected by two causes. The first is that of conventionality and should be obvious. His audience has never seen any other kind of presentation and therefore demands its continuance, with the usual thrilling details of chest thumping and excessive reeling. Again, the actor, having never experienced personal death in any form, sudden or otherwise, depends upon and imitates the ubiquitous interpretation given by his fellows."

"When the blond and spotted leading man of the average 'small time' picture is struck on the head with a somniferous stick charged with sawdust or custard, or when the villain fires off a blank cartridge in his general direction, our hero devotes the next few moments to an exhibition of stumbling and fall contorting which come perilously near the ridiculous."

"In actually sudden death is exceedingly rudimentary. There is neither brow clasp nor staggering, or to an insignificant degree, if any. The man simply steps and dies."

"This does not take into consideration the wounded man, no matter how badly he may be hurt. When he is in this condition there is no telling just what pitiable contortions the pain of his hurts will force him to undergo. But there is one peculiar and interesting psychological fact which seasoned warring men are agreed on—the wounded man never has his face turned to the ground. The man who is instantly killed or who succumbs very shortly after being hit almost invariably falls on his face."

Presbyterian Church

(Rev. S. Xenophon Cross, Pastor)

An opportunity is offered next Sunday morning to those who are interested in America's relations to the Philippine Islands. Mr. George W. Dunlap is a former classmate of the pastor of this church. After completing his college course and spending three years in Princeton, he went to the Philippines. He will tell about his experiences there next Sunday at the 10:30 hour. All are invited to come to this meeting.

This week completes two years of the present pastorate of this

church. We appreciate the loyalty of the many friendships formed during the two years. The large number of delightful remembrances, some of them very substantial, that came to us with Christmas brought great joy. Our hope is to be able to pass on to others a measure of the Christmas joy, every day of the year 1917. And we wish you all a happy and prosperous New Year.

Miss Cella Gildersteeve will lead the New Year's Meeting of the Y. P. S. C. E. next Sunday evening. The topic will be, "Lessons to Learn from the Past." The C. E. Society presented the pastor with a beautiful C. E. scarf pin for a Christmas gift.

"Happy New Year to You!" We want to meet you next Sunday evening at 7:30 at the Presbyterian church. There will be, for your approval, a fine program of New Year music. Then we will take a glance at the past and an earnest look straight into the face of the future. The sermon subject will be, "The Purchase of Opportunity." Come, and we will

all together say a fond farewell to the old year and a hearty welcome to a glorious 1917.

The Sunday school has elected the following officers for the coming year. Superintendent, F. H. Jones; Assistant Superintendent, A. F. Gulliver; Secretary, Esther McEachen; Librarian, Elizabeth Mines; Chorister, Mrs. A. R. Davis; Assistant Chorister, F. E. Gamble; Organist, Mrs. H. Theobald; C. R., Mrs. W. Morris; H. D., E. Bernschein; Primary Superintendent, Mrs. A. A. Welch; Junior Superintendent, Mrs. J. H. Wendte; Temperance Chairman, Miss Charlotte White; Missionary Superintendent, Miss Ruth Ingham.

J. C. PAWELSKI CITY DRAY

Starts tonight and will make every passenger train that comes into Wayne, and anyone wanting baggage hauled Pawelski will be there to haul it.

It Pays to Buy at a Cash Market

AS THE YEAR draws to a close, I desire to thank the many patrons who have made my short career in business so successful, and wish them one and all a most Happy and Prosperous 1917.

JACK DENBECK

—of the—

Wayne Cash Market

where you get the best of meats and service at lowest cash price.

Hides, Furs and Poultry Wanted

Phone No. 46

Wayne, Nebraska

WISHING our many patrons a happy, prosperous new year, we take this opportunity to thank them for the liberal patronage of the year now just drawing to a close, assuring them a continuance of our best endeavor to serve them well in all that pertains to the table supply from a meat market during the 1917 year.

The Central Market

The Sanitary Home of Good Meats

FRED R. DEAN, Prop.

Phones 66 and 67

Wayne, of Course

I thank you for your patronage during the year just closing and wish you a Happy New Year.

Frank S. Morgan

LOCAL AND PERSONAL

V. A. Senter and family were visitors at Laurel Christmas day.

New spring skirts now in stock at Mrs. Jeffries' exclusive lady store.—adv.

N. Neilen departed for Sloan, Iowa, Wednesday morning to be gone a short time on business.

Mrs. Porter of Carroll departed for Malvern, Iowa, Wednesday to visit with relatives for a few days.

Mrs. Clyde Oman and daughters, Misses Fern and Frances, were passengers to Sioux City Wednesday.

Rev. W. L. Gaston reports that several contestants have sent in their poems and articles for the "Sing Wayne" service.

Dr. S. A. Lutgen returned home from Gem, Kansas, Wednesday morning where with his family he spent Christmas day with relatives.

Do not forget that the "Sing Wayne" service is to be held January 7th. If you have not finished your manuscript do so at once. All who enter the contest will have a picture show ticket whether winning or not.

W. F. Will went to Sioux City today on business.

Jay Baughan went to Waverly to be with home folks Christmas.

Miss Bessie Durrie who has been visiting at Omaha for a short time will return home this evening.

Professor C. H. Bright went to Winside Tuesday to visit with his mother, Mrs. Bright for a short time.

FOR SALE—hard coal burner. Phone No. 3, Wm. H. Weber, or phone No. 131 Wayne Roller Mills.—adv.

Henry Lev and wife leave this afternoon for Pasadena, California, where they will spend the winter months.

Miss Leone Robbins and little Bernice Wells went to Winside Wednesday to visit with relatives for a brief time.

Ralph McConnell and wife of Sumner, Iowa, came Wednesday evening to visit with Chas. McConnell and family.

Mrs. George Jenks and children came from Sioux City Wednesday to visit at the home of her brother-in-law, John Jenks for a few days.

Grant S. Mears and wife were passengers to Sioux City the first part of the week to visit with their son, Archie Mears and wife Christmas day.

Miss Lucy Gearhart of Carroll returned to her home Tuesday evening having spent the Christmas holidays with her parents at Malvern, Iowa.

Ed Steele and wife, and Luther Steele from Sioux City came the first of the week to visit their mother, Mrs. Caroline Steele and their sisters here.

Julius Hurstad of the German store force went to the southern part of the state early in the week, but did not make plan to the reporter just where she lives.

Dr. C. T. Ingham and wife, son Charles and daughters Ruth and Esther went to Lyons the first of the week where they were guests of F. G. Ingham and family Christmas day.

Howard James, departed Tuesday for Wolbach to visit with his sister, Mrs. L. Cartwright for a week. Miss Beulah James went Friday to visit at the same place for a few days.

Miss Margaret Coleman went to Sioux City Wednesday.

Ernest Paulsen and wife went to Sioux City today on business.

So-Lite Flour pleases—Roe's Ideal-grocery, phone 101.—adv.

J. R. Almond was a passenger to Wakefield Wednesday on business.

L. B. Cobb and wife of Carroll were passengers to Thurston Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Lynch of Laurel spent Christmas day at the J. G. Pawelski home.

Coats at half price, while they last, at Mrs. Jeffries' Ladies Ready to Wear store—adv.

Just made—another lot of our famous "Home-Made" mincemeat. Phone Roe, 101.—adv.

Willard Tompsett went to Omaha the first part of the week to visit with his mother, Christmas day.

Mrs. L. Roe, Miss Harriet Fortner and Mrs. J. Cherry were passengers to Sioux City this morning.

Mrs. C. Murphy and son Harold went to Wakefield Wednesday to visit with relatives for several days.

Mrs. H. H. Hahn and daughter, Madeline went to Sioux City Wednesday, returning home in the evening.

Frank Peterson and wife were passengers to Randolph Tuesday evening to visit with relatives a short time.

A new invoice of dresses in stock Saturday, at the ladies' ready-to-wear store, opposite the Democrat office.—adv.

Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Oman and daughters, Fern and Frances, spent Christmas day at the Harry Tidrick home near Winside.

Frank Meyers is home from Lusk, Wyoming, where he spent the summer on a ranch. He is a son of Mrs. Mary Meyers.

W. L. Fisher was called to Decatur, Iowa, Christmas day by a message telling of the death of his brother-in-law, C. Negly at that place.

E. C. Grothe of Harrold, South Dakota, was a guest, of his parents, C. A. Grothe and wife Christmas day, returning to his home Wednesday.

Will Crossland, of St. Joe, Missouri, visited with his parents, G. W. Crossland and wife Christmas week, departing for his home Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. M. Killion and son Everett of Oakland, Iowa, came Tuesday evening to visit with Mrs. Killion's daughter, Mrs. M. W. Simpson and husband for a few weeks.

Mrs. L. V. Gregoire of Craig, who has been here for the past ten weeks visiting with her daughter, Mrs. S. X. Cross and family, returned to her home Wednesday.

The Great Expunger.

In 1834, after an exciting debate of several weeks, congress passed a resolution censuring President Jackson for removing the deposits from the old bank. The resolution as passed by congress declared "that the president had violated executive proceedings in his late removal of the deposits from the public revenue bank upon himself authority and jurisdiction conferred by the constitution, and that in derogation of both the constitution and of congress made Jackson's friends very angry, and Senator Benton of Missouri gave notice that he would bring forward every resolution to expunge the resolution of censure. After a struggle of three days, Benton's resolution was finally passed and black lines were drawn around the resolution of censure, with the inscription, "Expunged by the order of the senate this 16th day of January, 1837." Senator Benton was nicknamed "the great expunger." His service to Jackson on this matter was considered the more remarkable because many years before he and Jackson had a pistol fight in a hotel at Nashville in which Jackson was wounded and Benton pitched headlong downstairs.

Never.

"Never" is a word which is wrongly defined in the dictionary. In that book we gather the understanding that "never" means not at all, forevermore. But— Each day in our broad land young women vow that they will never forgive young men. Men lift their right hands to high heaven and swear that they will never take another drink. Husbands promise never to forget to write every day. Wives promise never to make another extravagant and foolish purchase. Candidates aver that they will never run for office again. Women say they will never speak to some one any more. In all these cases "never" means a length of time from one hour to four days.—Life.

I. P. Lowrey

Factory repair man and piano tuner, at the G. & B. store. Phone 62.—Adv.

Serving Your Advantage

No business has keener competition than now exists in the retail grocery business. Despite trying conditions this store has operated and been guided by conservative methods, encouraged by an ever increasing patronage until we feel we have achieved far more than the average grocer, yet, when analyzed from the experience taken from relations with hundreds of my patrons the reason is quite apparent.

First of all, "integrity" has been our watchword, integrity of purpose to establish a real grocery store; integrity of brands on which the housewife may depend to give perfect satisfaction, the grade of which is never lowered under any circumstances; integrity of service; integrity of clerks.

Our future purchases, before market advances, enables this store to offer hundreds of grocery items at the OLD PRICE. Our regular patrons have been receiving the benefit of this condition and we have an ample supply to extend this price and service to

One Hundred More Regular Customers

If you will visit our cellar and warehouse any doubt as to a surplus \$5,000.00 stock will be removed. We have the goods and are going to continue the profit-dividing system as we have in the past. Your change of patronage to this store will mean a world of commercial satisfaction and your goods at less money than you have been paying.

It has been the policy of this store to give the customer something just a little better than he has been accustomed to getting. It's the results of a square deal that this store enjoys the larger share of the patronage of hundreds of the best families of the community. They have learned there is a difference; they have that feeling of content and each individual business transaction is accomplished with fair, square, considerate and courteous treatment.

Already a number of new faces have signified their intention to trade at this store the coming year. This invitation is extended to you.

I extend the heartiest wishes for a prosperous and enjoyable New Year.

Ralph Rundell

WHO ROASTS HIS OWN COFFEE

LIVE STOCK PRICES AT SOUTH OMAHA

Cattle Market Stronger, With Light Supply HOGS HIGHER THAN SATURDAY

Fat Lambs Steady to Ten Cents Higher Than Last Week's Close; Make Record of \$13.25, With Best Ewes Selling As High as \$8.90. Union Stock Yards, South Omaha, Nebraska, December 27, 1916.—Receipts of cattle just fair after the double holiday, there being but 5,400 head of cattle on the market. Right good 1,150 to 1,450-pound beefs sold at \$9.40@10.20, and all the buyers were looking for cattle that had weight and quality. Common to fair warmed-up and short fed steers ranged from \$8.25@9.25 and on down. Cows and heifers shared in the broader demand and general improvement in prices making a strong, active market, with strictly choice corn-fed heifers and cows quoted at \$7.75@8.50. Quotations on cattle: Good to choice yearlings, \$10.25@11.50; good to choice beefs, \$10.00@11.00; fair to good beefs, \$9.25@10.00; common to fair beefs, \$7.50@9.00; good to choice heifers, \$7.00@8.50; good to choice cows, \$6.75@7.75; fair to good cows, \$5.75@6.75; canners and cutters, \$4.50@5.75; veal calves, \$8.00@10.00; bologna bulls, \$5.00@5.75; beef bulls, \$6.00@7.50; prime feeding steers, \$8.50@9.25; good to choice feeders, \$7.75@8.25; good to choice stockers, \$7.50@8.25; fair to good feeders, \$6.75@7.75; fair to good stockers, \$6.50@7.25; common to fair feeders, \$6.00@7.00; stock heifers, \$6.25@8.00; stock cows, \$5.00@7.00; stock calves, \$7.00@8.50.

The smallest run of hogs on any day in weeks put in its appearance Tuesday, only about 4,300 head showing up. Shipping hogs scored an advance, selling 5@10c above the close of last week. The packer market, however, appeared a trifle draggy. The bulk of the sales were made before noon, tops going at \$10.30, with the bulk of sales from \$9.75@10.10.

Sheep and lamb receipts were in the generous order, it being the only branch of the local trade that was decently supplied. Arrivals were estimated at 13,000 head. The lamb market was much improved, buyers taking over the supply early at about a dime higher on all classes, with the top lambs going at \$13.25. A moderate sheep run sold fairly readily in about the same notches as last week, with the best ewes going at \$8.80, although no tippy ewes showed up. Quotations on sheep and lambs: Lambs, good to choice, \$12.90@13.25; lambs, fair to good, \$12.25@12.85; lambs, clipped, \$10.75@11.50; lambs, feeders, \$11.00@12.25; yearlings, good to choice, \$10.50@11.25; yearlings, fair to good, \$9.25@10.50; yearlings, feeders, \$7.00@9.00; wethers, fair to choice, \$8.50@10.00; ewes, good to choice, \$8.60@9.00; ewes, fair to good, \$7.25@8.50; ewes, plain to culls, \$5.00@7.00; ewes, feeding, \$5.00@7.25; ewes, breeders, all ages, \$6.00@8.50.

Crystal Theatre

Monday, January 1, 1917
New Years Day
Matinee and Evening

BLUE BIRD PHOTO PLAYS
present

The Honor of Mary Blake

Featuring
VIOLET MERSEREAU and SIDNEY MASON
A wonderful story in five acts of love, thrills, adventure.

"The Secret of The Submarine"
Episode No. 13

will also be shown with the five reel feature, making seven reels in all.

Matinee at 2:30 o'clock. Evening at 7:00 o'clock.
Admission - 10c and 15c

SATURDAY, DEC. 30, 1916

Mutual presents Wm. Russell in the five act drama "The Strength of Donald McKenzie"—matinee and evening.

An Important Question:

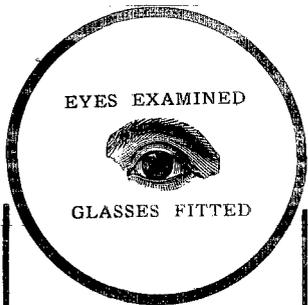
Am I developing a cash reserve which will provide an income or enable me to grasp my opportunity the moment it arrives?

Do you know of a better way to develop a reserve than to deposit your income in The First National Bank of Wayne, Nebr., and pay it out by check?

That plan will give you an incentive to keep your balance growing, and your account, large or small, will be welcome.

The First National Bank
Oldest Bank in Wayne County

Capital \$75,000.00
Surplus \$20,000.00
Frank E. Strahan, President John T. Bressler, Vice-President
H. F. Wilson, Vice-President. H. S. Ringland, Cashier.
B. F. Strahan, Assist. Cashier.



I can make your glasses while you wait

R. N. Donahey
Exclusive Optical Store
Wayne



Lighting the Way to Mildner's Grocery

for the new year, that you may have a whole year of opportunity to procure the best and most wholesome in the grocery line at prices that are absolutely right and a service that is dependable.

- Canned Goods of known quality.
- Standard Brands of Coffee.
- The Best of Fruits.
- Sweet Cream Daily.
- Dried Fruits, Etc.
- Candies and Nuts.
- Plain and Fancy Crackers.

With the best of wishes for the prosperity, health, peace and happiness of you and yours, I am very truly,

Herman Mildner

Grocer west of State Bank
Phone 134

NEWS OF NEBRASKA

Interesting Happenings Printed in Condensed Form.

TOLD IN A FEW WORDS

News of All Kinds Gathered From Points in the State and So Reduced in Size That It Will Appeal to All Classes of Readers.

Dr. Purdon of Brady Island took at overdose of morphine and died a few hours later.

Directors of the Farmers' Equity Union selected Omaha for the 1917 annual convention.

William F. Koch, a farmer living near Beatrice, was perhaps fatally injured when his car turned over.

Work is being rushed on the new Auburn hospital so as to have it completed by the first week in January.

Two hundred relatives of Charles Frey gathered at Pender in annual reunion. The affair was a big success.

Albert Abrams was found dead by his hired man on the former's farm near Heartwell. Death resulted from freezing.

A broken journal on one of the cars on a Union Pacific freight caused five cars to go into the ditch near Joselyn. No one was hurt.

The plant of the Dodge Milling company was totally destroyed by fire. The loss is about \$13,000, one-fourth of which was on wheat and flour.

Fire, starting in the furnace room of the Clark Drug company building at Fremont caused damage in the heart of the city amounting to \$35,000.

Forty-four of the 100 representatives in the 1917 legislature are farmers, thirteen are lawyers, seven are realty men, three are editors and two are ministers.

I. R. Lines, religious secretary of the Omaha Y. M. C. A., is to leave Omaha, Jan. 2, for service with the Young Men's Christian association among British troops.

Leo Stevens, a balloonist of international reputation, has been engaged by the war department as instructor at the army balloon school which will soon be reopened at Fort Omaha.

Ecclesiastical splendor and solemnity such as Omaha never been seen before in Omaha marked the installation of Most Rev. Jeremiah J. Harty as Catholic bishop of Omaha last week.

The Fourth Nebraska regiment has left Camp Llano Grande, Tex., home ward bound. Captain H. J. Paul of the Fifth believes that his regiment will receive orders for removal by Feb. 1.

Drastic laws against the shyster lawyer are recommended in the report of the committee on legislation of the Nebraska State Bar association, which meets in Omaha the last of this week.

The Wahoo mills, erected ten years ago at a cost of \$25,000, were sold at auction to satisfy creditors for \$5,800. The property was bid in for the Farmers' Co-operative company, which will operate the plant.

For the two years ending Dec. 1, county treasurers of the state paid \$3,250,000 into the state treasury, or more than enough to foot the appropriations made by the 1915 session of the state legislature.

The petition for the establishment of a college of journalism in the University of Nebraska was rejected by the senate of the school, but a motion to enlarge the courses in newspaper training was passed.

A car filled with men and driven by Ernest Neddenreih struck a pig and turned turtle near Tecumseh. All were pinned under the car, but managed to extricate themselves. Four of the men were seriously injured.

Lines are being laid by officials of the State Historical society to obtain the services of A. O. Thomas as secretary after he retires from the state superintendency. The place has been vacant since the death of C. S. Paine, six months ago.

Upon the request of General Manager Buckingham of the Union stock yards at South Omaha, the state railway commission dismissed without prejudice that concern's application for an increase of from \$1 to \$1.50 per bushel for corn.

Abolition of the office of state land commissioner, as proposed by State Auditor Smith, is opposed by G. L. Shumway, land commissioner-elect, on the ground that there is plenty for a land commissioner to do if he desires to keep busy.

Three trainmen, J. W. Patrick, fireman; G. A. Miller, engineer, and John Traylor, engineer, were seriously injured when a Burlington stock train crashed into a Union Pacific double-header freight at Yutan. Several head of cattle were killed.

One claim which has already been filed with State Auditor Smith for the legislature to adjust is to pay a reward offered by Governor Morehead for the capture of fugitives from justice. No appropriation was made by the last session to cover the matter.

The car shortage still remains with the railway commission, and its members' wish for alleviation is in vain. The recent cold weather has multiplied the difficulties, but has likewise decreased the demand in some directions for outbound shipments of grain.

A decrease of nearly 400 marriages in the state during the past year and an increase of 229 divorces in the same time is the outstanding feature of the vital statistics report handed out by the state board of health. The total of deaths was 11,091, as compared to 10,831 for 1915.

On the eve of the return of the Nebraska soldiers from the border, Adjutant General Hall desires again to call the attention of the public to the fact that the boys will need jobs. Coming back in the middle of the winter it will be a hardship upon many of them to secure positions.

The bodies of Fred Thompson, his wife and their four-month-old baby were found in the Thompson farm house near Dalton by the hired man. There were no marks of violence or the bodies and there was nothing to indicate the nature of death. Thompson's money was untouched.

Fourteen persons were injured, two of them seriously, when Burlington passenger train No. 15, northbound, collided with a freight train switching in the Gibson yards. The seriously injured were E. P. Stewart of Plattsmouth, skull fractured, and Payne Cobb, high school student of Plattsmouth, probably fracture of the skull.

Putting up state funds at auction to banks to bid for is a plan recommended by State Treasurer George Hall in his report to the governor for the coming biennium. Mr. Hall would have banks bid for the funds and let them out to the highest bidder, instead of allowing the state treasurer to place the funds as now wherever he pleased at 3 per cent interest.

In appreciation of the services during the Modern Woodman rate fight and its fortunate settlement and his leadership in reconstruction, John L. Sundean, formerly of Lincoln and Wahoo, received Christmas greetings with 10,000 signatures of Minnesota members, also a cash gift of \$500, not more than 25 cents of which was contributed by one person.

Some man is traveling about the state representing himself to be an inspector of the state pure food department, says Food Commissioner Harman. He desires the public to know that all his inspectors have necessary credentials and identification cards and he desires merchants and others who have any knowledge of the false inspector to notify his office.

There were 381 insurance companies and associations licensed to do business in Nebraska during 1914, and 392 licensed in 1915. Omitting the risks carried by companies writing accident and health, liability, surety, fidelity and kindred lines, the people of Nebraska on Dec. 31, 1914, were insured for \$1,592,670,048 upon their lives and property, and one year later they had increased the amount to \$1,697,153,768, an increase in one year of \$104,483,720. According to the report of the insurance department of the state it is improbable that the increase for 1916 will be over the \$120,000,000 mark.

In a statement supplementing one given recently, Attorney General Reed emphasized a warning given merchants of Nebraska stating what constitutes a lottery. Since giving an opinion regarding the offering of an automobile to stimulate business at Bladen, the attorney general has received many inquiries from towns where similar propositions had been used. One popular plan is to give a ticket with each dollar's worth of goods purchased, and at the end of a certain time ticket holders draw for a prize. Such a method, the attorney general says, constitutes a lottery and is illegal.

Roy A. Larson of Red Oak, Ia., accused by the government of sending poisoned candy through the mails to Agnes Nyborg, Oakland, Neb., and Ethel Nicholson, Red Oak, pleaded guilty and was sentenced to serve fifteen months in jail. Inasmuch as Larson has been in jail at Red Oak since Dec. 17, 1915, he will have but three months more of the sentence to serve out. Larson told the government of officers that Miss Nyborg interfered with his love affair with Miss Nicholson, and that Miss Nicholson's father helped spoil his plans, so that is why he mailed them the candy. Neither of the girls ate any of it.

George F. Steffins, aged sixty-six, a civil war veteran and an inmate of the old soldiers' home at Leavenworth, was sentenced to one year in the penitentiary by Judge Sears, Omaha, after he had pleaded guilty to forgery. While on a visit to Omaha, Steffins found a check for \$110, payable to John Fullbright, and cashed it at an Omaha department store, after forging the indorsement. He was apprehended at the veterans' barracks in Leavenworth. Judge Sears gave the old man the minimum penalty because of his advanced years and the service he rendered as a private in an Illinois regiment during the days of '63.

By employing an expert efficiency engineer to watch things around state institutions the state board of control has been able to save the state considerable by stopping leaks that might not otherwise have been discovered, according to a report of the board, made to Governor Morehead. C. O. Martz is the man, and he draws a salary of \$2,500 a year, with a guaranty by him that he will more than save the state that much money in the saving he will make, which the board claims has been done to the satisfaction of the members. The appropriations were cut over \$800,000 less than heads of institutions asked for, but the amount, after being censured, will reach \$268,050 more than was voted at the last session for the institutions, the sum this year being \$2,355,770, as against \$2,087,720 two years ago.

CONDENSED NEWS

Rev. William A. P. Martin, formerly president of the Tung Wen college of Peking, is dead.

Colonel F. N. Lawrence, president of the New York stock exchange, died in his eighty-third year.

Earl Cooper won the fifty-mile match race at the Ascot speedway, Los Angeles. Time, 44:41.

Rev. George E. Lovejoy, formerly chaplain-in-chief of the G. A. R., died at his home in Lawrence, Mass.

Directors of the Standard Oil company of New Jersey elected A. C. Bedford as president, to succeed the late John D. Archbold.

A memorial meeting in honor of the late Mrs. Inez Milholland Boesevian, the suffrage leader, was held in Cooper Union, New York.

Nearly \$2,500,000 for the relief of Jewish war sufferers in Europe was pledged at a great mass meeting in Carnegie hall, New York.

King Christian of Denmark, in the cabinet council, ratified the treaty providing for the sale of the Danish West Indies to the United States.

Molasses, corn and oats worth \$400,000 were burned in a fire that destroyed the Golden Grain Milling company's plant in East St. Louis.

A deficiency appropriation of \$28,400,000 for the army on account of Mexican border service was submitted to the house by Secretary Baker.

Every policeman in Berkeley, Cal., is preparing to enter college. The initial appropriation for a policeman's college was made by Berkeley's city council.

A definite plan for universal military training will be laid before congress next month in the shape of a bill formulated by the general staff of the army.

Fire destroyed the Roman Catholic cathedral, the convent of the French nuns and the bishop's palace at Clarke City, Qu. One of the nuns lost her life.

While attending a dance at Pipestone, Minn., Nellie Johnson, aged eighteen, dropped dead at the feet of her partner on the dance floor. Death was due to heart failure.

Prospect that the foreign trade for the year will total \$7,800,000,000 was announced by the department of commerce. The foreign trade for eleven months was \$7,148,000,000.

Guilty of murder in the second degree was the verdict returned by a jury against John Edward Telper, charged with having killed his mother last January at Buffalo, N. Y.

Elliot E. Richardson, formerly secretary and treasurer of the Kansas City Stock Yards company and the Denver Stock Yards company, died at the home of his son in San Francisco.

For the seventh successive time C. O. Drayton of Greenville, Ill., has been elected president of the National Farmers' Equity union. The election was unanimous at the meeting held in Omaha.

John D. Rockefeller's Christmas presents to each of the employees on his Tarrytown estate was a \$10 gold piece, enclosed in a case on which is printed, "The season's greetings from John D. Rockefeller."

It is estimated that the losses of British shipping resulting from the war total 435 steam vessels, each of more than 1,600 tons, or 12 per cent of all steamships owned in Great Britain at the beginning of the conflict.

The Ford Motor company has closed its plant at Detroit for seven days in order to relieve the railroad congestion there, that carloads of food and fuel may be handled. The suspension means a production loss of about 12,500 cars a day.

Charles E. Hughes will act in conjunction with counsel for the Corn Products Refining company in appealing to the supreme court the recent decision of Federal Judge Hand, dissolving that company under the Sherman anti-trust law.

That there are grounds for suspicion that the recent increase in the price of coal was the result of an artificial and illegal combination was the statement made at New York by G. W. Anderson, who is in charge of the government's food and fuel inquiry.

Military police at all camps on the Mexican border continue on the lookout for Private James Macanispie, Minnesota militiaman, wanted in connection with the killing of Private John Natcheffs in the Llano Grande after a quarrel over a dollar.

A Christmas pardon was granted by Governor Whitman of New York to William J. Cummins, who has served three years of a prison sentence of four years and eight months for his part in the wrecking of the Carnegie Trust company of New York several years ago.

Immediately after the holidays advocates of prohibition in congress plan to carry on a vigorous campaign for the proposed federal constitutional amendment and exert every effort to get a vote on it at this session in spite of the general belief that it will be beaten.

An official report from the British government on the British liner Arabia, sunk by a submarine without warning in the Mediterranean, declares that the Arabia was not at that, or any previous time, in the service of the allies. Germany claimed the Arabia was an "armed auxiliary." The British report was made in answer to an inquiry from the state department and further information probably will be asked to clear up doubtful points.

How the World is Fed.

A study of how the world is fed reveals many interesting facts. Australia, the smallest of continents, for instance, is the largest meat eater of them all. Asia, the largest continent, on the other hand, is the smallest meat eater among them. Africa and South America lean toward vegetarianism, while Europe and North America are large consumers of meat and other animal products. Taking the world's supply of cattle, hogs and sheep, writes Harold J. Shepstone in the Millgate Monthly, "it appears that mankind at large uses in the neighborhood of 20,000,000 tons of meat a year. This would be an average of about thirty-nine pounds per capita throughout the world. In butcher's meat we find the Australian consumes 192 pounds, the American 172 pounds, the Englishman 119 pounds, the German 113 pounds, the Frenchman and the Belgian 80 pounds, the Austro-Hungarian 64 pounds, the Russian 50 pounds and the Spaniard 49 pounds."

Wonders of a Book.

There is perhaps no greater wonder than a book. By the help of little figures upon spines or paper men have been able to transmit their thoughts through thousands of years. The names and shapes of things, the deeds and sorrows that have occurred as far back as Adam, have been made known to us. Even those invisible and abstract thoughts which have no shape or substance, but which inspired the writer and have since inspired others, are all put down in the little letters and made eternal. The songs of David, the speculations of Plato, the visions of Homer, have by these means been handed down faithfully for many centuries and distributed among mankind. If there were no books our knowledge would almost be confined to the limit of sight and hearing. All that we could not see or hear would be to us like the inhabitants of the planet Saturn—a mere matter of idle conjecture.—Barry Cornwall.

Felt For Him.

Bobble Smith, aged nine, was the shining light of the family, and his father was very proud of him.

"I shall call round and see your teacher," said his fond parent, "and thank him for the kind interest he is taking in you."

"If you do, father, I want to tell you that all the boys in our class are not known by name, but by number only. My number is 25."

In due course the father called at the school and knocked at the door, which was after a few moments opened by the headmaster.

"Good morning, sir," said Mr. Smith. "I am the father of 25."

"Indeed," replied the schoolmaster, with surprise. "Come inside, my friend. I can feel for you, for I am the father of twelve myself."—London Globe.

Southern California of Argentina.

Mendoza is the southern California of Argentina. Irrigation has long been successfully applied to its vineyards, which produce more wine than the combined vineyards of the entire United States of North America. The whole of the province lies at an altitude of more than 2,000 feet. Italians are for the most part employed in the cultivation of the grapes, the whole family accompanying husband and father to the field and assisting in tending the vines. The babies are put to sleep in improvised tents while their elders work.—National Geographic Magazine.

Eggs in the Nest.

All birds have a systematic arrangement in depositing their eggs in the nest, and there are very few species, if any, in which some peculiarity is not to be seen if careful observation is made. Many birds so plainly and invariably show a tendency to a set arrangement that their habit is generally known.

He Got the Raise.

"You want more money? Why, my boy, I worked three years for \$11 a month right in this establishment, and now I'm owner of it."

"Well, you see what happened to your boss. No man who treats his help that way can hang on to his business."

Tea Production.

No accurate figures of the world's total production of tea can be given, but the quantity in exchange between nations amounts to about a billion pounds, worth to the producers about \$150,000,000 and costing the consumers over twice as much.

Unprofitably Occupied.

Teacher—Well, Henry, are you learning anything? Henry—Please, no, sir; I am listening to you!

PRACTICAL HEALTH HINT.

Neglect of the Nose.

An organ whose unhealthy condition is much neglected by the public is the nose. The interior of the nose is really very complicated. It is divided down the center by a septum, and each half of the nose contains various small chambers formed by delicate shell-like bones covered with mucous membrane and richly supplied with nerves and blood vessels.

Any part of this complicated organ may suffer from various forms of catarrh, congestion and inflammation, the least expression of which is a more or less constant and very tiresome cold, but which may develop into more serious difficulties.

PLAN TO RESUME RAILWAY INQUIRY AFTER MARCH 4TH

Postponement Forced by Press of Congressional Business.

COUNTRY DEMANDS ACTION

Shippers, Investors and Representatives of All Branches of Business Demand Unification of System of Railway Regulation—Roads Ask Fewer Masters.

Washington, Dec. 18.—The Congressional Joint Committee on Interstate Commerce, which has been conducting the inquiry into government regulation and control of transportation, last week decided to suspend its hearings on the subject and adjourn, subject to the call of the chairman, because of the pressure of other work before Congress. According to the resolution creating the committee, it is required to submit a report by January 8th next. It is understood that before that time the committee will ask for an extension of time and that the hearings will be resumed at a later date, when some of those who already have appeared before the committee will be questioned further and a great many others will be heard. It is probable, however, that the hearings will not be resumed until after adjournment of Congress on March 4th. In addition to regular routine business the commerce committees of the two houses are charged with the important duty of preparing and presenting the legislation asked for by President Wilson to make impossible a railroad strike without previous investigation. This will leave little or no time for the consideration of the general questions of railway regulation.

Country Wants Something Done.

Members of Congress and others who are interested in the inquiry undertaken by the Newlands Committee insist that there is no intention of abandoning it.

It seems doubtful, indeed, if the country would permit the matter to be dropped if there were evidence of a desire on the part of Congress to do so. The nation-wide evidences of interest evoked by the initiation of the Newlands inquiry show that the people of the country—shippers, consumers and investors, as well as railway men themselves—are alive to the fact that the railway situation is highly unsatisfactory and that steps must be taken without unnecessary delay to make it possible for the railroads to meet the growing needs of the nation.

From reports received here it seems as though almost every commercial organization and business interest in the country were engaged in studying the railroad question. The Chamber of Commerce of the United States has been conducting an elaborate inquiry into various phases of the subject for many months past. Many local and state commercial bodies in every part of the country have committees engaged in study of the problem and have indicated a desire to come here and present their views. National organizations of manufacturers, lumbermen, coal operators, wholesale and retail dealers, have expressed through resolutions their desire for the unification of the system of railway regulation. The National Industrial Traffic League, speaking from the viewpoint of shippers using the railways, has indorsed exclusive federal regulation providing it is accomplished in such a way as to give full protection and prompt adjustment in matters relating to transportation within the states.

Many Interests Studying Problem.

All these organizations represent primarily the shippers of the country, but they are not the only ones who are taking a hand in the discussion. The investors of the nation, through their own associations and through committees representing the savings banks and other financial organizations, are preparing to show the necessity of improving railroad credit and protecting the rights of those whose money is invested in railway securities. Finally the railroads themselves, being vitally concerned in the improvement of existing conditions, are planning to submit their views through their executives, operating officials and traffic experts and to assert their willingness to accept far-reaching federal regulation along lines that will enable them to attract capital and to provide the facilities needed for the prompt and efficient handling of the country's transportation business.

Main Trouble Is Too Many Masters.

Not all of these interests are in accord as to the remedies that should be adopted. There seems to be a general agreement, however, that many of the difficulties which confront the railroads and which make it impossible for them to meet the requirements of the nation's commerce promptly and satisfactorily arise from the haphazard and often conflicting measures of regulation that have been adopted from time to time by the federal government and the forty-eight states and that what is needed is a well ordered, systematic scheme of federal regulation that shall cover the whole country and make it possible for the railroads to provide the extensions and improved facilities so badly needed, while at the same time protecting fully the public interests.

Notice

Notice is hereby given that bids will be received at the county clerk's office for Wayne county, Nebraska, for the furnishing of all necessary material and labor for the erection and completion of the following, or so many thereof as shall be ordered built by the county commissioners for the year 1917.

40 foot girder, situated between Sections 31 and 32, Township 26, Range 3.

16 foot I-beam, situated between Sections 26 and 27, Township 26, Range 2.

60 foot steel span, situated between Sections 15 and 22, Township 27, Range 3.

All bids to be made on both 15 and 20 ton capacity.

At the same time and place as herein specified, bids will also be received for the repair of all bridges, which may be ordered repaired by the county commissioners for the year 1917.

All such bridges to be built in accordance with plans and specifications furnished by the State Engineer, and known as the Standard Plans, and adopted by the County Board of Wayne county, Nebraska, on December 19th, 1916.

Bridges to be built within ten days from notice by said county to construct the same and in case any new bridge is to be constructed where an old one stands, contractor to tear down said old bridge and remove the old lumber, in such bridge; this to mean also, the removal of all pile along with the lumber in such bridge, and to deposit the same safely near the site thereof, such lumber and piles to remain the property of the county.

Said bids to be filed with the county clerk of said Wayne county, Nebraska, on or before 12 o'clock noon of the 6th day of February, 1917.

Said bids for the building and repairing of bridges will be opened at 12 o'clock noon of the 6th day of February, 1917, by the county clerk of said county in the presence of the board of county commissioners of said county at the office of the county clerk of said county.

No bids will be considered unless accompanied by cash or a certified check for \$250.00 payable to Chas. W. Reynolds, county clerk of said county, to be forfeited to said county in case the bidder refuses to enter into contract with said county if same is awarded to him.

Also bids will be received for all of the above work at same time and place and under all conditions as above set forth, the county to furnish all material delivered at nearest railroad station, excepting piling which will be delivered at either Wayne or Carroll.

The plans and specifications as adopted, and also the bidding blanks are furnished by the State Engineer, of Lincoln, Nebraska, who will upon request furnish copies of the same.

Bidding blanks will also be found in the office of the county clerk.

All bids must be on completed work, is no extras will be allowed.

The board of county commissioners reserve the right to build or construct any other concrete bridge, arch or slab other than steel, which bears on other plans and specifications furnished by the State Engineer, and adopted by this Board.

The Board of County Commissioners reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at Wayne, Nebraska, this 22nd day of December, A. D. 1916. (Seal) Chas. W. Reynolds, County Clerk.

52-4

Let the Democrat print it.

Most politicians are partisan because they think it's the only way to win, yet Battle Bob LaFollette was elected by 118,162 over his democratic opponent. LaFollette is so non-partisan that he votes for what he thinks is right regardless of party whips or partisan advantage. Here's a tip to our own Senator Norris, who had the courage to go to Wisconsin and help campaign for his fellow senator, when many others would have thought it was committing political hari-kari—Blair Pilot.

There is much truth in the above as we believe, but it is also true that our Senator Norris will have to grow much in progressiveness before he can well be compared to a LaFollette in progressive non-partisanship. We have one senator now at Washington who has sometimes been non-partisan, but every instance it seemed that he was on the wrong side of the question at issue—and yet we preferred him to the stand-patter who ran against him. We need broad, non-partisans who will go with their party when it is right and for people.

Pay your subscription today.

COMMISSIONER'S PROCEEDINGS.

Wayne, Neb., December 19, 1916.
 Board met as per adjournment. All members present.
 The following claims were on motion audited and allowed and warrants ordered drawn on the respective funds as follows:

No.	Name	What for	Amount
1436	Robt. H. Jones, surveying	claimed \$60.55 and allowed at	\$ 49.35
1437	William Goldsmith, assisting county surveyor		22.56
1438	P. J. Thomas, assisting county surveyor		3.50
1439	William R. Thomas, livery hire for surveyor		3.00
1497	Forrest L. Hughes, issuing certificates to jurors		9.00
1611	Geo. T. Porter, posting election notices		17.00
1613	Forrest L. Hughes, court attendance		22.00
1628	William Sohns, cash toward support for Jany		10.00
1662	Hammond & Stephens, company, supplies for county superintendent		106.24
1705	Remington Typewriter company, supplies for county clerk		1.50
1710	Metropolitan Supply company, supplies for county judge		2.37
1711	Metropolitan Supply company, supplies for county judge		.89
1722	Metropolitan Supply company, supplies for county superintendent, claimed \$19.27 allowed at		6.80
1732	Robert Johnson, blacksmithing		50.10
1758	Hammond & Stephens, company, supplies for county superintendent		13.16
1799	Brune & Company, hardware		43.73
1800	Brune & Company, hardware		149.92
1807	State Journal company, supplies for clerk district court		3.50
1809	Huse Publishing company, supplies for county clerk		51.00
1811	Nebraska Culvert & Manufacturing company, Armco iron culvert		7.08
1819	Chas. W. Reynolds, postage and express for October and November		15.56
1820	Chas. W. Reynolds, certificates to state department and recording		1.50
1821	Chas. W. Reynolds, cash advanced for canvass for booths		1.00
1842	Henry Hogrefe, blacksmithing		4.00
1846	James Britton, postage		1.00
1847	James Britton, approving bonds and costs in extension of Baker pension		3.25
1848	Costs in case of State of Nebraska vs. John Doe James Britton, county judge's costs		4.55
	Geo. T. Porter, sheriff's costs		7.00
1849	Costs in case of State of Nebraska vs. Louis Munson James Britton, county judge's balance of costs		.20
	Geo. T. Porter, sheriff's costs		2.60
1850	Costs in case of State of Nebraska vs. John Coughlin James Britton, county judge's costs		4.55
	Geo. T. Porter, sheriff's costs		7.00
1851	Costs in case of State of Nebraska vs. Edward E. Jones James Britton, county judge's balance of costs		.20
	Geo. T. Porter, sheriff's costs		16.00
1864	Geo. T. Porter, salary from November 8 to December 8		100.00
1872	G. H. Thompson, drayage		1.25
1875	P. M. Corbit, cash advanced		8.60
1877	Frank Perrin, work on machine shed		18.40
General Road Fund.			
1833	L. D. Dysart, road work and dragging roads		27.45
1856	John Hamm, road work		16.35
1876	D. J. Cavanaugh, road work and moving grader		35.00
1884	Chas. D. Farran, road dragging, road work and painting posts		12.25
Automobile or Motor Vehicle Fund.			
1706	R. T. Utecht, dragging roads		11.00
1806	R. Longe, dragging roads		12.00
1810	Henry Frevort, dragging roads		13.50
1813	Fred Wendt, dragging roads and fixing bridge		27.00
1814	Paul Splittgerber, dragging roads		5.00
1822	Hudson Tidrick, dragging roads and road work		18.40
1833	L. D. Dysart, dragging road and road work		31.50
1836	H. J. Kaiser, dragging roads		9.25
1838	C. W. McGuire, dragging roads		4.50
1867	C. John Johnson, dragging roads		4.50
Road District No. 18.			
1834	Otto Miller, road work		7.00
Road District No. 20.			
1857	W. F. Bonta, grader work		10.50
1863	J. R. Hefli, road and grader work		10.50
Road District No. 28.			
1796	John O. Jones, road work		5.00
Road District No. 32.			
1826	T. J. Thomas, road and grader work		92.00
Road District No. 34.			
1798	C. E. Johnson, road work		3.50
Road District No. 43.			
1840	John Rimel, road work		6.00
1874	John Erickson, hauling plank and repairing bridge		3.50
1883	Owensburg Grader company, ditcher and grader		47.50
Road District No. 44.			
1794	Andrew Johnson, road work		7.20
1839	Henry Nelson, dragging roads		6.00
Road District No. 46.			
1868	C. John Johnson, grader work		6.50
Road District No. 47.			
1824	Fred Wigren, road work		15.75
1869	C. John Johnson, grader work		4.00
Road District No. 48.			
1805	Amos Longe, road work		9.25
1825	Fred Wigren, road work		31.50
1832	Jewell Killian, road work		5.25
1866	C. John Johnson, road and grader work		36.00
1870	Lloyd Busby, grader work		97.50
Road District No. 49.			
1865	C. John Johnson, grader work		28.50
1871	Lloyd Busby, grader work		60.00
Road District No. 51.			
1852	Willie Lucken, road and grader work		27.20
1860	George Bruns, road work		2.63
1881	H. Barelmann, road work		16.58
Road District No. 54.			
1862	Nels Granquist, road work		20.00
Road District No. 55.			
1725	W. J. Clark, grader work		21.00
Road District No. 56.			
1479	Art Auker, road and grader work		100.00
Road District No. 57.			
1854	Robert Graef, road work		3.50
Road District No. 59.			
1468	Ed Miller, grader work		24.00
Road District No. 60.			
1870	Gust Deck, road and grader work		10.50
Road District No. 61.			
1818	Henry Boush, road work		10.50
Road District No. 62.			
1855	Carl Nemphert, road work		7.50
Road District No. 65.			
1816	William N. Hanning, road work		3.50
1817	Martin Worch, road work		7.00
1845	August Eggert, road work		5.25
Special Levy for Road District No. 22.			
1687	Albert Kuhnert, road work		7.00
Special Levy for Road District No. 25.			
1621	Harry A. ... road work		10.00
1827	T. P. ... road work		7.00
Special Levy for Road District No. 26.			
1835	Howell ... road work		50.00
Special Levy for Road District No. 27.			
1802	Glen Burnham, road work and dragging roads		11.00
1803	John T. McDonald, grader work		26.25
1804	J. C. McDonald, grader work		72.15
1823	James C. McDonald, road work		8.74
1882	Will Bodensiedt, road work		8.50
Special Levy for Road District No. 30.			
1824	Pierce County, half county line bridge work		82.62
Special Levy for Road District No. 32.			
1826	T. J. Thomas, road and grader work		51.50
1837	Alfred Thomas, road work		17.50
Special Levy for Road District No. 34.			
1858	Ed Long, hauling		6.50
1859	Earnest Prince, hauling		6.50
Special Levy for Road District No. 45.			
1812	Frank Longe, road work		12.25
Special Levy for Road District No. 52.			
1828	Adolf Bergt, road and grader work		17.06
1829	H. W. Bergt, grader work		15.91

1861	George A. Berres, road work	5.25
Special Levy for Road District No. 54.		
1795	A. N. Granquist, road work and dragging roads	42.75
Special Levy for Road District No. 56.		
1479	Art Auker, road and grader work	44.50
Special Levy for Road District No. 59.		
978	Reinhold Harms, road work	14.88
1598	Emil Miller, road work	21.00
Special Levy for Road District No. 64.		
1841	W. F. Böhmer, road work	3.50
1843	Ernest Machmuller, road work	19.25
1853	William Schellenberg, road work	8.75
Claims on File but Not Passed on at This Meeting.		
1915	—\$19 for \$9; \$196 for \$463.	
1916	—290 for \$10.59; 470 for \$7; 763 for \$7; 833 for \$4.08; 998 for \$2; 1356 for \$80; 1478 for \$104.50; 1552 for \$17.50; 1562 for \$6.70; 1601 for \$21; 1605 for \$102.10; 1629 for \$10; 1669 for \$153.50; 1671 for \$49; 1693 for \$248.93; 1707 for \$10; 1719 for \$43.36; 1735 for \$73.50; 1778 for \$121.05; 1797 for \$8.75; 1808 for \$7; 1830 for \$5.13; 1831 for \$5.70.85; 1844 for \$3.50; 1873 for \$24.05; 1878 for \$32; 1880 for \$35.	
\$500 is hereby appropriated for the County General fund for the Jury fund.		
Bond of Peter C. Jensen as overseer of road district No. 34 is hereby approved.		
Bond of A. N. Granquist as overseer of road district No. 54 is hereby approved.		
Poll tax of Ralph Horn for the year 1916, in road district No. 22, Deer Creek precinct, which was paid under protest for the reason that he is a homesteader in Colorado, was ordered refunded.		
On the 6th day of December, 1916, the county judge ordered an extension of the pension granted Edna Baker, Leroy Baker, and Pearl Baker, minor dependent children of Dora Baker, for a period of six months at the sum of \$18 per month, said payment to commence September 11, 1916, and made payable to the St. James orphanage of Omaha, Nebraska.		
Poll tax of Henry Peterson for the year 1916, in road district No. 35, Chapin precinct, for the reason that he was also assessed in road district No. 22, in Deer Creek precinct, was ordered refunded from district No. 35, which was paid under protest.		
Poll tax of Claude Forney for the year 1916, in road district No. 44, in Hunter precinct, which was paid under protest for the reason that he was assessed with a poll tax in Wayne, and the same was paid, was ordered refunded from district No. 44.		
Poll tax of A. E. Bressler for the year 1916, as for the City of Wayne, which was paid under protest for the reason that he is past 50 years of age, and not assessable, was ordered refunded.		
Commissioner's proceedings of December 5, 1916, read and approved.		
Plans and specifications for concrete slabs, bridges and arches are hereby adopted for the year 1917.		
Plans and specifications for steel and wood bridges are hereby adopted for the year 1917.		
County clerk ordered to advertise for letting on February 6, 1917, for steel and wooden bridges, also for concrete slabs, arches and bridges.		
County clerk to advertise for concrete arch between sections 10 and 15, township 26, range 3, 12 feet in length and 18-foot roadway. Also one 40-foot girder between sections 31 and 32, township 26 range 3, with 16-foot roadway. Also one concrete slab 12 feet long with an 18-foot roadway between sections 14 and 15, township 25, range 1. Also one 1-beam 16 feet long with 16-foot roadway, between sections 26 and 27 township 26, range 2. Concrete slab 18x18 between sections 18, township 27, range 2, and section 13, township 27, range 1. Steel span between sections 15 and 22, township 27, range 3, 60-foot span 16-foot roadway. All concrete slabs, arches and bridges to be so much a cubic foot in place. No extras to be allowed, to be fully set out in the advertisement, and to also stipulate that any other bridges may be built as needed other than those mentioned in the advertisement.		
Report of Forrest L. Hughes, clerk of the district court, showing amount of fees collected by him for the quarter ending September 30, 1916, amounted to the sum of \$171.65 was on motion duly approved.		
Report of James Britton, county judge, showing amount of fees collected by him for the quarter ending September 30, 1916, amounted to the sum of \$422.25, was on motion duly approved.		
Bids for Premium on county treasurer's bond were opened and awarded to Martin L. Ringer for \$252.00.		
County clerk is hereby ordered to advertise for lumber for the year 1917.		
Report of Chas. W. Reynolds, county clerk, showing amount of fees earned by him for the quarter ending September 30, 1916, amounted to the sum of \$325.30, which report was duly approved, and the books show as follows:		
65	Deeds	\$ 70.00
38	Mortgages	60.35
44	Releases	41.00
143	Chattel Mortgages	28.60
29	Certificates	22.35
1	Bill of Sale	.20
2	Licenses to Embalm	.50
12	Affidavits	10.80
4	Probates	22.15
6	Reports	2.45
7	Assignments	7.35
6	Contracts	1.50
1	Dental License	1.00
1	Assignment of Earnings	.20
1	Automobile Lien	.25
6	Farm Leases	1.50
3	Marginal Releases	.75
1	Acknowledgement	.25
1	Assignment of Contract	1.25
1	Mechanic's Lien	1.50
1	Lis Pendens	1.50
1	Agreement	1.35
1	Notarial Commission	2.00
1	Colt Lien	2.00
184	Acknowledgments to Claims	46.00
1	Bond	1.00
Total for Quarter		\$325.30
Collections for Quarter		\$325.30
Paid Deputy Hire for Quarter		200.00
To Be Turned Into County Treasury \$125.30		
Comes now Chas. W. Reynolds, County Clerk, and presents county treasurer's receipt showing the payment of \$125.30 into the county treasury, is hereby approved as settlement in full.		
Whereupon Board adjourned to January 3, 1917.		
CHAS. W. REYNOLDS, Clerk.		

Notice
 Notice is hereby given that bids will be received at the county clerk's office for Wayne county, Nebraska, for the furnishing of all necessary material and labor for the erection and completion of the following, or so many thereof as shall be ordered built, or as many more as the county commissioners may deem advisable for the best interest of the county for the year 1917.

Concrete arch between sections 10 and 15, Township 26, Range 3, which arch is to be 12 feet in length with an 18 foot roadway.

Concrete slab 12 feet in length, with an 18 foot roadway, situated between sections 14 and 15, Township 25, Range 1.

Concrete slab 18 feet in length, with an 18 foot roadway, situated between sections 18, Township 27, Range 2, and 13, Township 27, Range 1.

All bids to be made on both 15 and 20 ton capacity.

At the same time and place as herein specified, bids will also be received for the repair of all concrete work, which may be ordered repaired by the county commissioners for the year 1917.

All such arches, and slabs to be built in accordance with plans and specifications furnished by the State Engineer, and known as the Standard plans, and adopted by the County Board of Wayne county, Nebraska, on December 19th, 1916.

All arches or slabs to be built within ten days from notice by said county to construct the same and in case any arch or slab is to be constructed where an old bridge stands, contractor to tear down said old bridge and remove and pile all old lumber in such bridge; this to mean also the removal of all pile along with the lumber in such bridge, and to deposit the same safely near the site thereof, such lumber and piles to remain the property of the county.

Said bids to be filed with the county clerk of said Wayne county, Nebraska, on or before 12 o'clock noon of the 6th day of February, 1917.

Said bids for the building and repairing of all concrete work will be opened at 12 o'clock noon of the 6th day of February, 1917, by the county clerk of said county in the presence of the board of county

commissioners of said county at the office of the county clerk of said county.

No bids will be considered unless accompanied by cash or a certified check for \$250.00 payable to Chas. W. Reynolds, county clerk of said county, to be forfeited to said county in case the bidder refuses to enter into contract with said county if same is awarded to him.

Also bids will be received for all of the above work at same time and place and under all conditions as above set forth, the county to furnish all material delivered at nearest railroad station.

The plans and specifications as adopted, and also the bidding blanks are furnished by the State Engineer, of Lincoln, Nebraska, who will upon request furnish copies of the same.

Bidding blanks will also be found in the office of the county clerk.

All bids must be on completed work at so much per cubic foot in place as no extras will be allowed.

The Board of county commissioners reserve the right to build or construct any other bridge, other than concrete arch or slab, which bears on other plans and specifications furnished by the State Engineer, and adopted by this Board.

The Board of county commissioners reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at Wayne, Nebraska, this 22nd day of December, A. D. 1916.

Chas. W. Reynolds,
 (Seal) 52-4. County Clerk.

Lumber Notice
 Notice is hereby given that sealed bids will be received at the office of the county clerk of Wayne county, Nebraska, for lumber for any of the following dimensions.

2x4 to 2x12—12 to 20 feet long.

3x10 to 3x12, 3x14, 3x15, 3x16 from 16 to 32 feet long.

4x4 to 10x10—18 feet long.

Prices to be quoted on the above in both pine and fir.

Piling, 8 inch top, 10 to 32 feet long.

Prices for piling to be quoted on both red cedar and oak.

Separate bids to be made on commercial and full-sawn lumber.

Bids must be quoted on above dimensions, as shown above.

County reserves the right to reject any or all bids, also right to buy piling and lumber in car-load lots from other parties than those to whom the contract is let.

All bids to be filed with the county clerk of Wayne county, Nebraska, on or before 12 o'clock noon of February 6th, 1917.

All bids to be opened at 12 o'clock noon February 6th, 1917.

All bids to be and cover all lumber and piling to be used for the year 1917.

Dated at Wayne, Nebraska, this 21st day of December, A. D. 1916.

(Seal) CHAS. W. REYNOLDS,
 52-4. County Clerk.

Notice
 Notice is hereby given that sealed bids will be received at the office of the county clerk of Wayne county, Nebraska, for County Physician, from January 1st, 1917, to January 1st, 1918.

County physician to render all necessary attendance and furnish all medicine necessary for all persons who are or may become a county charge upon said Wayne county, and all those whose circumstances are such as to require the county to provide for them such attendance and medicine whether inmates of the county poor farm or not, and all prisoners who may be in the county jail during the year.

Said physician to furnish at his own expense, all medicines for persons dependent upon the county for the same, and also perform all surgical work for such persons, including the prisoners aforesaid.

Bids to be made for so much for the year.

The board of county commissioners have and reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Bids to be filed on or before January 1st, 1917.

Dated at Wayne, Nebraska, this 1st day of December, A. D. 1916.

(Seal) Chas. W. Reynolds,
 County Clerk.

I. P. Lowrey
 Factory repair man and piano tuner, at the G. & B. store. Phone #2.—Adv.

—CALL ON—
Wm. Piepenstock
 —FOR—
Harness, Saddles and everything in the Horse Furnishing Line
 We also carry a full line of Trunks, Suit Cases and Traveling Bags
 Prices Reasonable

DR. E. S. BLAIR
 Office and Residence Phone No. 168
 Special attention given to diseases of women and children.

DR. GEO. J. HESS
 (DEUTSCHER ARZT)
 PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
 Office opposite City Hall
 Office Phone No. 6 Res. Phone No. 123
 Eyes tested, Glasses fitted and supplied

Drs. INGHAM & ERSKINE
 Office Phones { Ash 1-65
 { Ash 1-45
 Res. Phones { Ash 2-65
 { Ash 2-45
 Office over J. G. Mines' Jewelry Store

A. D. LEWIS, D. C.
 Chiropractor
 One Blk. East of German Store
 Analysis Free Lady Assistant
 Phone 229 Wayne, Nebraska.

Dr. F. O. White
 ...DENTIST...
 Over First Nat'l. Bank Phone 307

C. A. MCMASTER, B. SC., PH. G.
 DENTIST
 PHONE 51 eWay² Nebr.,
 Over State Bank

DR. S. A. LUTGEN
 PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
 Special Attention to the EAR, EYE AND NOSE
 Calls Answered Day or Night
 Ash 30-1 (1-15) Ash 30-2

F. D. VOIGT
 Dentist
 Successor to A. G. Adams
 Office over Model Pharmacy
 Phone 29 Wayne, Nebr.

Dr. T. T. Jones
 OSTEOPATH
 PHYSICIAN
 Calls Answered Day or Night
 Phones:
 Office 44 Residence 346
 Wayne, Nebraska

L. A. Kiplinger
 LAWYER
 Attorney for Wayne County
 Over Central Market. Wayne, Neb.

Frank A. Berry Frederick S. Berry
BERRY & BERRY
 Lawyers
 Wayne, Nebraska

C. H. Hendrickson WAYNE **C. A. Kingsbury PONCA**
Kingsbury & Hendrickson
 ...LAWYERS...
 Will practice in all State and Federal Courts
 Collections and Examining Abstracts a Specialty
 Wayne and Ponca, Nebraska

Office Phone 59 Residence Phone 264
David D. Tobias, M. D. G.
 Assistant State

Sholes Sayings

Ethel and Emaline Stevenson are home for vacation.
Mr. and Mrs. Burnham spent Christmas at Lincoln.
Elmer Sala has sold his harness and shoe repairing shop to Tietgen Bros.

A party of hunters were out from here Saturday and bagged about 100 "cotton-tails."
Joe Mattingly and family are spending the Christmas vacation in South Dakota with Mrs. Mattingly's parents.

Chas. Peters moved last week on the Nick Griner farm, where Lou Friedenbaugh has lived for the past year.

A girl has come to stay at the Peter Larson home and Henry Theophis and wife are rejoicing over a new baby.

Mr. Root received word that Mrs. Root and Eva reached Hammond all O. K. and found Mrs. Root's father improved in health.

John Horn went to market with stock last week, and Gertrude Horn came home from Omaha where she is attending school to visit her parents.

There is to be a watch meeting at the church Sunday night to which all are invited. Appropriate services will be held, and refreshments will be served.

J. L. Beaton entertained at Christmas dinner, Clarence, Mr. and Mr. John Davis, Oscar Obat and A. E. McDowell. W. H. Roots were entertained at the farm by Marvin and family. Ed Mattingly entertained E. C. Bragoniers, J. B. Mattingly, Earl Hinkle.

The school board furnished a Christmas tree, the teachers a treat, and the pupils exchanged presents, making a happy school celebration of Christmas. On Friday evening the members of the Sunday school had a program for Christmas entertainment at the church, and at the close of a creditable program, Rev. Trump was presented with a purse.

Flag Union News

Mrs. Pete Hydahl of Loyalton, South Dakota, came Tuesday to spend some time at A. J. Bruggerman's.

Walter Beckman of Oneida, South Dakota, came last week to spend Christmas with his brothers John and Fred.

Cards were received by friends from Highmore, South Dakota telling of the arrival of a daughter at the Elmer Stingley home.

Mr. and Mrs. Emmet Clark and little daughter of Leith, North Dakota, have been visiting with relatives, A. A. Smith and Irve Reed.

A sadness was cast over the entire community Christmas day by the news of the death of Mrs. Lucy Phillips, who has been a patient, constant sufferer for six months with the dread disease, tuberculosis.

Lucy Elizabeth Smith was born February 25, 1888. She leaves to mourn her lost two children, Lyle and Gladys, her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Smith, a sister, Mrs. Cleve Boling, of Reliance, South Dakota, two brothers, E. C. and Clark Smith, of this vicinity besides many other relatives and friends.
She gladly welcomed the call to meet her baby, Wilma who preceded her less than two years to the Better Land.
Our deepest sympathy is extended to the sorrowing ones.

Altona News

A white Christmas here.
Frank Matthes went to Stuart Saturday to visit during the holiday week.

C. Ritchey from Eagle Butte, South Dakota, was visiting at Altona Thursday.

A nice Christmas program was given at the German Lutheran church under direction of Rev. Meike, Sunday evening.

Christmas guests at the J. G. Beret home were Mr. and Mrs. Paul Miller, Thayer, Fred Plueger and wife and Mr. and Mrs. George Berres.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Fred Amburst at their home west of Pilger, December 22, and Mrs. Robert Roggenbach, sr., left at once to welcome the little grandson.

The shooting match by Alvors and Boyer Christmas was a good one, and they had plenty of geese and ducks so that they can supply those who missed out Christmas with birds for New Year.

FOR SALE OR RENT—Eight room, all modern house and garage. Enquire A. A. Wollert, adv. 49-11

FOR SALE—Some very choice registered Poland China male pigs. Wm. Von Seggern, adv. 46-11.

A Bridge Party in Japan.

It wasn't long after we landed before we saw the Japanese woman, the type that old Japan creates. She and some others were having a bridge party. Sounds inviting, but it wasn't. About twenty of them were driving piles for a new bridge. The sun was scorching, the timbers enormous and the man overseer was abusing them. For weren't they only women? Without education and with old Japan's idea of woman crushing them down, they deemed themselves pretty fortunate to have even such work and the princely sum of 10 cents a day.

No, it isn't enough for old Japan that the women should have a baby every year. They must work like men and animals. In Nikko we could see from a distance a long line of bowed figures climbing the steep bank of the river Dajia, and on coming nearer we saw that they were old, old women, wrinkled and gray, carrying barrels—not baskets, but barrels of stone from the river bed to the road. Such is the reverence for size in Japan.—Jean Price in World Outlook.

Alaska.

Alaska is an outlying possession. Seward bought it of Russia in 1867 for \$7,200,000. He and it became a national joke for that generation, and except for "Seward's Icebox" it attracted but little attention. Having more than half a million square miles in area, it is more than ten times larger than any state east of the Mississippi and contains mountain systems, valleys and mighty rivers. Switzerland could be lost around the base of Mount McKinley. It is only since Klondike days that Alaska has at all been taken seriously, and even from that date the development has come slowly. But Alaska has only been scratched. Alaska is the biggest prize in the Pacific ocean. Its material possibilities are illimitable, and we are permitting it to stand utterly unprotected when with only a little care on our part it could be made impregnable.—Century.

New York's Great Bridges.

The five giant spans of steel, which like gargantuan angels, clutch the two sides of East river, binding New York and Brooklyn together, cost America's metropolis half as much as the Panama canal cost the federal government. Three of them, says the National Geographic Magazine, are suspended from cables the wires of which, if placed end to end, would more than twice girdle the earth. If placed side by side these five great structures would provide a roadway as wide as the Washington monument is high, and if placed end to end they would make a great bridge over six miles long.

Across the Brooklyn bridge alone 125,000 surface cars travel every twenty-four hours, with other vehicular traffic in proportion.

When Hawaii Was a Republic.

Hawaii was proclaimed a republic July 4, 1894. More than a year before Queen Liliuokalani had been deposed by a committee of public safety because of her attempts, it was claimed, to secure more absolute power. A provisional government was set up, which lasted until the islands were proclaimed a republic. Sanford B. Dole, former head of the provisional government, became president. Unsuccessful attempts had been made to conclude a treaty of annexation with the United States. The islands were finally annexed July 7, 1898, as a war measure, the United States being then at war with Spain. They were organized a territory June 14, 1900. Ex-President Dole was appointed governor by President McKinley.

An Odd Bequest.

The following is one of the oddest bequests ever recorded in a last testament. It appeared in the will of a Bristol mariner proved in 1795: The old gentleman ordered his executors to "pay out of the first moneys collected, to my beloved wife, if living, 1 shilling, which I have given as a token of my love, that she may buy hazelnuts, as I know that she is better pleased with cracking them than she is with mending the holes in her stockings."

Comparative.

"Contentment is always a comparative virtue."
"What do you mean?"
"Bigsby used up a dozen fifty dollar tickets from April to October, but he's tickled to death because he made his patched and busted garden hose last through the summer."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Small One Way.

Wife—James, do you know you are a very small man? Husband—How ridiculous! I am nearly six feet in height! Wife—That makes no difference. Whenever I ask you for money to go shopping you are always short.—Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph.

Harsh Words Indeed.

"Nothing is so mean as a used teacup, nothing is so cold as toast which has once been hot, and the concrete expression of dejection is crumbs."—"Selected Tales," by Barry Pain.

A Very Little.

Bob—Before marriage she told me she loved me a little. Rob—Well? Bob—But, my stars, if I had only known how little!—London Answers.

The Right Key.

He—Have you heard my new song, "The Proposal"? She—No. What key is it in? He—Be mine er.—Boston Transcript.

It is well to moor your bark with two anchors.—Publius Syrus.

"To Give Him the Sack."

Two noblemen in the reign of Maximilian II.—1540-1550—one a German, the other a Spaniard, who had each rendered a great service to the emperor, asked the hand of his daughter in marriage. Maximilian said that as he esteemed them both alike it was impossible to choose between them and therefore their own prowess must decide it; but, being unwilling to risk the loss of either by engaging them, in deadly combat, he ordered a large sack to be brought and declared that he who should put his rival into it should have his fair Helena. And this whimsical combat was actually performed in the presence of the imperial court and lasted an hour. The unhappy Spanish nobleman was first overcome, and the German succeeded in enveloping him in the sack, putting him upon his back and laying him at the emperor's feet. This comical combat is said to be the origin of the phrase "Give him the sack," so common in the literature of courting.

Squeaky Shoes.

"While conducting a research for information on the origin of certain fashions of the past," writes Zim in the Carletons Magazine, "I discovered the reason for the existence of the squeak in shoes. The squeak was once deemed fashionable, and men of great importance in the affairs of the country demanded it in their footwear, and cobblers were paid 2 shillings extra for putting it in. The squeak boot denoted the approach of some one of importance, and the way was made clear at once in the same manner as a bicyclist's shrill whistle warns you to look to your interests. During the squeaky period men found it difficult to sneak into the house after 12 p. m. without being discovered and disgraced. Removing the shoes before entering the house is an invention which followed the squeaky shoe era, and, while the former is now almost absolute, the latter is still in vogue and as popular as ever with married men."

McTavish's Compromise.

A canny Scot owned a wonderful badger it was reported no dog could tackle. However, a friend of his had a dog he proposed to buck against the badger, and a match was in due course made for £100, to come off in two months' time.

As the time drew near there were rumors that all was not right with the dog, and the Scot's friends were making sure of victory for him.

Imagine their surprise and disgust when they heard that McTavish had accepted £50 as a compromise in lieu of the £100.

"You've been done, Mac," said one of them. "The dog is so mangy and unfit he could not kill a rat."

"Ah," said McTavish, "I dare say, I dare say, but my badger is dead."—London Globe.

Early Marriage in China.

It is nothing rare in China for boys twelve to fourteen years old to marry. The physical, moral and intellectual development of the contracting parties has nothing to do with the matter. Other considerations entirely regulate the affair.

An old Chinese aphorism says that the great business of life is ended when the sons and daughters are married. The Chinese parents do not care to run the danger of postponing the marriage of their children, especially of their sons, until after their own death.—Exchange.

Bright Youth.

Caller—So your son Willie has started work as an office boy. How is he getting along? Fond Mother—Splendidly! He already knows who ought to be discharged and is merely waiting to get promoted so that he can attend to it.—Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph.

Just So.

"Hubby, diamonds are said to be the same as cash."
"What of it?"
"I wish you would buy me a few rings."
"Your idea is that they will be cash on hand?"—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Just a Shade.

"I come of a very old family. We have a family ghost."
"We have two."
"I guess that gives you a shade the best of it."

Practical Health Hint.

- Do Not Lose Sleep.
- Dr. Richard C. Cabot, the well known physician, says in an article on health in the American Magazine.
- "To avoid overeating and alcohol and the tobacco habit are matters of self control. To get the sleep one needs (which means all that one can possibly soak into one's system within twenty-four hours) often takes courage—the courage to refuse invitations, to invite ridicule, to seem odd or puritanic. I believe that more minor illnesses are due to lack of sleep than to any other recognizable factor. A person catches cold, gets lumbago, is constipated or headache ridden because his vitality is below par, his physical expenditure beyond his physical income. Sleep would set him square with the world, but to get sleep means sacrificing the evening's fun. This he won't do, and so he runs in debt and is chronically edging toward a breakdown."

Wonderful Rainier Park.

This is the heart of the playground, worshiped by the red men in the days of old, and here in the evidence of scores of mineral springs bubbling from the ground one feels more keenly the puissance of God. To the left from the road, looking as if it were but a block away, rises Mount Tacoma, its sides showing the purplish lines of ice, great snow-fields and jagged rocks. Yet it is five miles from the springs to Nisqually glacier, over a road as smooth as pavement and broken at almost every length of the ear by vistas of surpassing beauty. Now it is a forest of silver, high tree trunks doffing the sides of a peak stripped of their branches and bark and whitened by the elements. Now it is a glimpse of Nisqually river, which takes its origin from the glacier of that name, as it tumbles along over its rocky bed, and now it is a forested peak rising toothlike out of the jaw of this mighty range of which Mount Tacoma, "the mountain that was God," in the picturesque language of the Indians, is a part.—Ralph P. Mulvane in National Magazine.

Sunset and 12 o'Clock.

The habit of counting 12 o'clock at sunset is very ancient. The Turks, Greeks and most other people in the Levant have almost always counted 12 o'clock from sunset, and to this day the common people cannot understand that their clocks have to be changed every day and not ours. The Turks have officially adopted meridian time, but only since the Young Turks came into power—that is, since 1908. The change was even then not made immediately. It encountered a great deal of opposition on religious grounds, because the Mohammedan hours of prayer are regulated by the sun. And the common people still stick to the old system. Only in Constantinople and Smyrna are there many Turks who keep the official meridian time, and the great majority of people throughout the Turkish dominions still count 12 o'clock, as their ancestors have from time immemorial, at sunset.—New York Times.

The Famous "Green Man of Brighton."

In October, 1806, an individual was to be observed at Brighton, England, who walked out every day dressed in green from head to foot—green shoes, green gloves, green handkerchief and other articles to match. This eccentric person lived alone, knew nobody, and in his house the curtains, the wall paper, the furniture, even the plates and dishes and the smallest toilet articles, offered an uninterrupted sequence of green. Having started on his career, there was obviously no reason to stop, and with full consistency he carried his scruples so far as to eat nothing but fruit and vegetables of the same green color. The consequences were extremely disastrous. One fine day the green man jumped from his window into the street, rushed forward and performed a second somersault from the top of the nearest cliff.

Some Trees.

In the angle between the Kings and Kern canyons lies a woodland empire beside which the Harz and Black forest of Germany would appear almost diminutive. Within the borders of the Sequoia National park and the General Grant National park near by there are no fewer than 1,166,000 sequoia trees, and of these 12,000 are more than ten feet in diameter. In the Sequoia National park stands the largest tree in the world—not the tallest, but the largest—the General Sherman tree, with a diameter of 38.5 feet and a height of 270.9 feet. Its massive trunk and branches contain about 1,000,000 feet of lumber, board measure. This is equal to the amount of lumber that is cut from forty acres of average Minnesota timberland.—Argonaut.

Self Convicted.

"Say, pa," queried small Bobby, "what is gossiping, anyway?"
"Gossiping, my son," replied the old man, "if we get right down to the plain, unvarnished facts, is lying. But why do you ask?"
"Because," answered the young investigator, "ma says you do a lot of gossiping every time your business keeps you late at the office."—Exchange.

Too Much Practice.

"Does your minister practice what he preaches?" the newcomer questioned.
"He does," the citizen answered, with a sigh, "and I'd be perfectly willing to have him stop. He lives next door to me and begins at 7 o'clock Sunday morning to practice what he is going to preach."—New York Times.

Divided It.

Scene—Police court during dispute over eight day clock.
Magistrate—Award the clock to the plaintiff.
Defendant—Then what do I get?
Magistrate—I'll give you the eight days.—London Stray Stories.

Sharks and Death.

There is an old yet still operative superstition among seafaring men that when a shark persistently follows a vessel it is a sign that some person on board is going to die, the alleged reason being that the great fish can scent death.

Fashionable.

Willie—Paw, what is a fashionable resort? Paw—A place where you can obtain the least comfort and the most style for the most money, my son.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Oh, how bitter a thing it is to look into happiness through another man's eyes.—"As You Like It," II. 7.

DEATH BY BOILING

The Way Poisoners Fared in the Old Days in England.

TORTURE FOR MINOR CRIMES.

Mutilation Used to Be a Favorite Form of Punishment, and the Slanderer's Tongue Was Plucked Out—The Penalty For High Treason.

In these merciful days, when a man who publishes a libel on the king escapes with a few months' imprisonment, it seems scarcely credible that as late as 1870 the punishment ordained by the law for high treason was that the offender should be drawn on a hurdle to the place of execution and there should be hanged by the neck until he was dead; that then his head should be severed from his body, that his body be divided into four quarters, and that his head and quarters be at the disposal of the crown.

And this was by no means the worst fate that might befall a criminal in the so-called "good old days," as one John Rouse, a cook of Henry VIII's day, found to his cost. Rouse was convicted of the heinous crime of putting poison in the broth intended for the family of no less reverend a personage than the bishop of Rochester. For such a crime hanging, drawing and quartering was too merciful a punishment. "Something lingering, with boiling oil" or at least water, was decided to be the punishment that best fitted the crime, and with this object a special act of parliament was passed ordaining boiling alive as the punishment for this felony. John Rouse expiated his sins in a cauldron of hot water, and a few years later, in 1542, one Margaret Davy met the same fate at Smithfield.

So gravely was the crime of poisoning regarded in these days of old that, it is recorded, a Scotsman, one Thomas Belle, and his son were banished for life for administering poison to a couple of noisy hens belonging to a neighbor.

These were indeed days when the man of violent temper or criminal tendencies must operate warily. If by any evil chance he came to blows and drew blood within the precincts of the king's palace he was inevitably condemned to lose his right hand, and a statute of Henry VIII regulated the whole gawsome ceremony, with all its functionaries, from the surgeon who was to amputate the offending member, to the individual who used the searing irons, the yeoman of the scullery who made the irons red hot at his fire and the sergeant of the cellar who was provided "with a pot of red wine to give the same party after his hand is so stricken off and the stump seared."

Mutilation was a favorite form of punishment in those good old days, following, no doubt, the Scriptural penalty, "an eye for an eye and a tooth for a tooth." Thus the slanderer's tongue was pulled out, so that he could at least utter slander no more, and he who destroyed the sight of a one-eyed man lost both his own eyes.

By the Coventry act in the time of Charles II, any person who should maliciously put out the eye, slit the nose or disable any limb of another with intent to maim or disfigure him was to pay for the wrong with his life. By another act the man who fought with weapons in a church had one of his ears cut off. If he had already lost both ears, as many a malefactor had, he was branded in the cheek with the letter "F."

By an act of Queen Elizabeth's reign the forger was condemned to stand in the pillory, to have his ears cut off by the common hangman, his nostrils slit up and seared and to be imprisoned for life, and by a statute of James I, an unfortunate bankrupt was nailed by an ear to the pillory for two hours, and then his ear was cut off.

If an enterprising farmer were foolish enough to send any of his live sheep out of the country he paid a terrible price for his rashness, for his goods were forfeited, he was sent to jail for twelve months, and on recovering his liberty his left hand was cut off in a public market and nailed up there as a warning against the danger of illicit exports. If he offended a second time he paid for his daring with his life. If he set covetous eyes on a neighbor's sheep and annexed one of them he was unceremoniously hanged by the neck until he was dead. Indeed, thousands of unfortunates paid with their lives for thefts much more insignificant.

Burning alive was, of course, a common punishment for witchcraft for many a century, down to a couple of hundred years ago, and many of the victims, who were accused of "selling their souls to the devil" were children under ten years of age.

In 1716 Edward Barnworth, a highwayman, refusing to plead, was loaded with boards and weights. For more than an hour he bore a mass of metal weighing nearly four hundredweight, when human flesh could bear the agony no more, and he prayed to be put to the bar again. He pleaded "Not guilty," but was nevertheless found guilty and ended his days on the scaffold. This cruel punishment survived to George III's time.—London Tit-Bits.

Farmers are having a lot of difficulty in securing enough men to husk their corn, according to reports reaching the labor commissioner's office and employment agencies in Lincoln. In some sections of the state farmers are paying as high as 5 cents a bushel for cornhuskers, and even at that price the men are not to be had.

Since the telephone company refused to give a free phone to the Missouri Pacific at Julian, the company has had its telephone discontinued according to complaint reaching the railway commission. The commission will abide by a test case on this issue, which the Missouri Pacific has in the supreme court.

Land owners and merchants in western Nebraska are jubilant over the report that the Burlington is planning to commence work next spring on the continuation of the extension westward from O'Neill. The O'Neill line now runs out from Sioux City and its progress further into the state will be a big boost for the stockmen and farmers in that district.

Government Crop Estimates.

Nearly 2,000,000 schedules are handled each year in the bureau of crop estimates of the United States department of agriculture in making up the government monthly crop reports, according to the annual report of the chief of the bureau of crop estimates. Nearly 100,000 names are on the voluntary crop reporting lists; forty-four paid agents are constantly making personal investigations, one agent covering a state, and a force of 105 clerks is employed in Washington to handle the large number of reports from the voluntary crop reporters and to keep records of crop information of this and foreign countries. The work of crop reporting has been so improved and systematized that estimates of production of important products can be made with a close degree of accuracy. The most complete record in existence is kept in the bureau of the estimates and statistics relating to the world's crops and live stock.

Sugar.

Our word "sugar" is said to be derived from the Arabic "sukkar," the article itself having got into Europe through the Arabian Mohammedans, who overran a great part of the world in the seventh, eighth and ninth centuries. According to Dr. Van Lippman, a Dutch writer, as a result of the Arab invasion of Persia sugar found its way into Arabia, whence again its culture was carried to Cyprus, Rhodes, Sicily and Egypt. In the last named country the preparation of sugar was greatly improved, and the Egyptian product became widely famous. From Egypt the industry spread along the northern coasts of Africa and so entered Spain, where, about the year 1150, some fourteen refineries were in operation. Columbus introduced sugar cane into the new world.

Origin of "Fusilier."

Fusilier was originally the name of a soldier armed with a light dragoon musket called the fusil. At the time of the English civil war (1642-52) the term "firelock" was usually employed to distinguish these weapons from the more common matchlock muskets. Out of these companies of "firelocks" grew the "fusiliers." In the latter part of the Thirty Year war (1643) fusiliers were simply mounted troops with the fusil, as carbines were with the carbine. The senior fusilier regiment in the British service, the Seventh Royal Fusiliers, City of London regiment, was formed on the French model in 1688.

Area of the Moon.

The moon always presents the same face to us, as is evident from the permanency of the various markings on her surface. This proves that with respect to the earth she revolves on an axis, and the time of rotation is exactly equal to the time of revolution around the earth—viz, a little over twenty-seven days. The moon's surface contains about 14,685,000 square miles, or nearly four times the area of Europe.

Both Bluffers.

"If I rejected you, would you commit suicide?"
"I don't know, girie. Your sixteen-year-old sister is very attractive. In a few years—"
But she accepted him forthwith, and he is working hard now to meet the installments on an engagement ring.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Satisfied.

"I was brought up on a farm, and I'm glad of it."
"Yes?"
"You bet your life! Whenever I think I'm working too hard I just stop and think of the time when I had to get up at 4 o'clock and work like a slave until dark."—New York World.

Proved His Case.

Mother—The whipping you had yesterday does not seem to have improved you. Your behavior has been even worse today. Willie—That's what I wanted to prove. You said I was as bad as I possibly could be yesterday. I knew you were wrong.

His Inheritance.

Askit—Did young Dodge inherit anything from his father? Noit—Yes, I believe he inherited the old man's desire to avoid work.—Exchange.

Corrected.

Poet—How can a chap get rich on \$10 capital? Reporter—You probably mean, "How can he get richer."—Puck.

Habits, if not resisted, soon become necessity.—St. Augustine.